





# Training Program on Innovative Construction Technologies & Thermal Comfort in Affordable Housing



# RACHNA for Officers on 20 June 2022, Monday

**Venue:** Board room, Classic Sarovar Portico, Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala **Time:** 10:00 AM to 5:30 PM

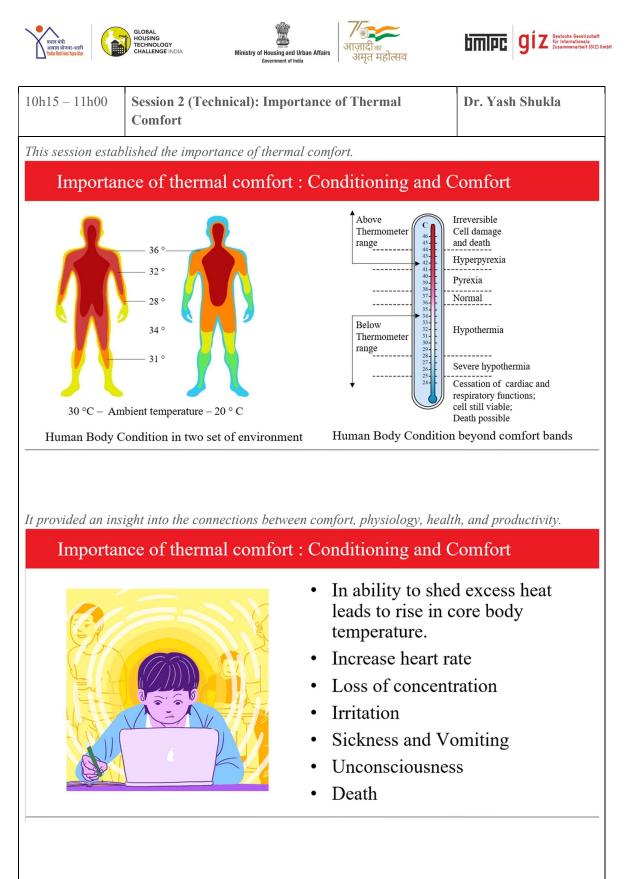
'RACHNA for Officers' training program delivered in-depth knowledge on thermal comfort, its nuances, and its relationship with building physics. Moreover, it discussed design strategies, construction techniques, policy documents, building codes, international practices, and other aspects relevant to thermal comfort in affordable housing through a suite of case studies. Additionally, it familiarized participants with the evaluation process of thermal comfort, the statistics, and indicators involved as well as affordable cooling technologies and their applicability in various climates.

Thermal Comfort Training Module				
10h00 - 10h10	Address and Introduction	Shri Pradeep Garg, Project Director (Housing), RUDSICO		
10h10 - 10h15	Introduction to Climate Smart Buildings Programme (IGEN – CSB) and overview of workshop	Anurag Verma, GIZ		

#### **Session proceedings**







It briefly exposed the audience to the connection between buildings and comfort.











#### ECO NIWAS Samhita: ECBC Residential



To limit the heat gain/loss from the building envelope, the code specifies:

Maximum value of thermal transmittance of roof ( $U_{roof}$ = 1.2 W/m<sup>2</sup>.K) for all climate zones

Maximum value of Residential Envelope Transmittance Value (RETV) for building envelope (except roof)

It provided overarching guidance about the ways and means to achieve comfort in buildings.

Importance of thermal comfort : Ways to achieve it





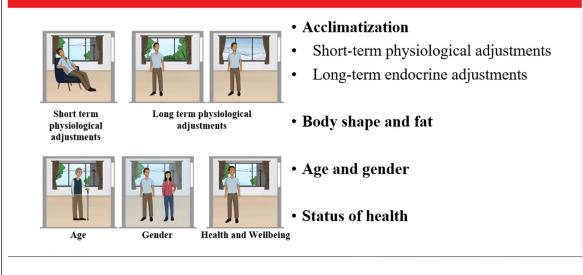




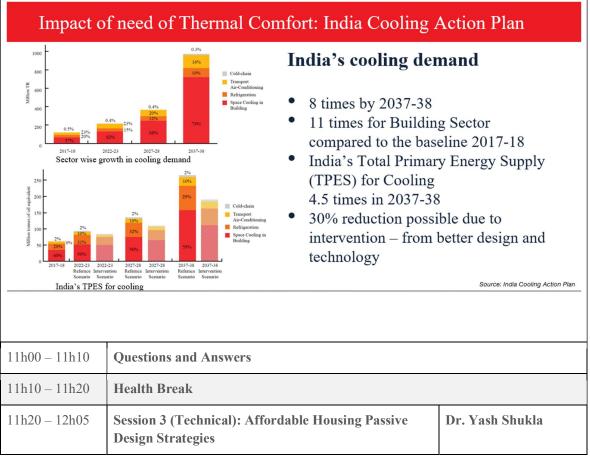




#### Factors Affecting Thermal Comfort: Others



*The session ended with establishing a relation between comfort and associated energy consumption through cooling needs.* 





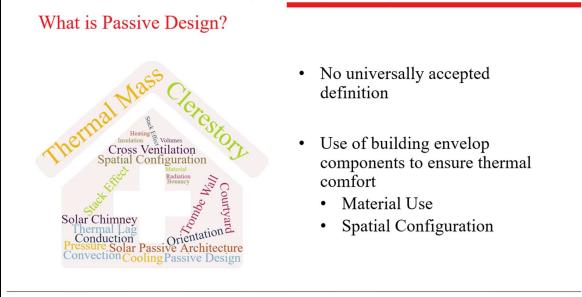






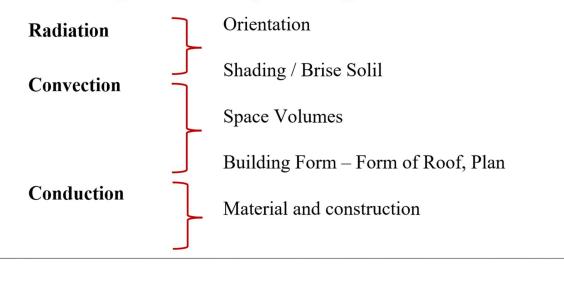


*This session started with the introduction of passive design and its importance.* 



*It provided a quick overview of various strategies that are important to be incorporated in affordable housing.* 

#### Passive Design Parameters : Spatial Configuration & Construction



The session provided insights into the site level design decisions as well as building-level design decisions.











# Other Passive Design Strategies: Spatial Configuration



Orientation: Positive, Negative and Neutral

**Optimizing Radiation** 

Wind Direction and Speed

Rectangular Plan Less 'tight' buildings

*It further provided a comparative understanding of appropriate orientation & use of building mass to reduce radiative heat gains in warm climates* 

Passive Design : Residential Envelop Transmittance Value (RETV) Use of Material



RETV 21.0 W/m<sup>2</sup> Business As Usual Building Envelop



RETV 18.0 W/m<sup>2</sup> Better Insulation on wall and roof (U value) Higher Solar Reflectance On the roof (SRI)



RETV 15.0 W/m<sup>2</sup> Better Windows (U Value, SHGC, VLT)

It will guide fenestration design, location, and shading design appropriate for affordable housing. The use of appropriate ventilation for comfort and well-being was also covered in this session.











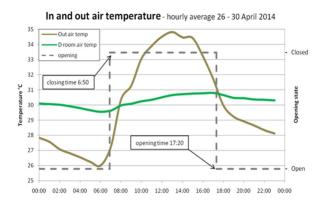
### Other Passive Design Strategies: Spatial Configuration



- E-W Longer Axis
- E-W Vertical,
- S Horizontal
- Latitude
- Climate Zone?

The session also provided selected case studies that have adopted best practice approaches at the site and at the building level to implement passive design strategies.

# Blessings House: Auroville



- Balancing Thermal Mass and Insulation
- NV operation with controlled Ventilation
- Warm Humid Climate

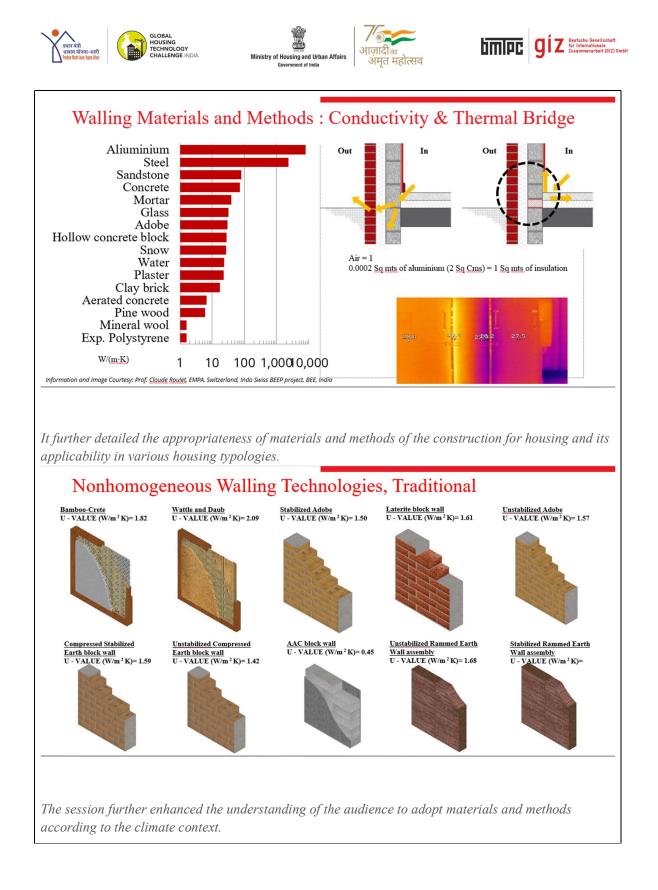
Day shutting and nighttime comfort strategy show good results in preventing excessive temperature rise in the building

12h05 - 12h15	Questions and Answers	
12h15 - 13h15	Session 4 (Technical): Building Materials and Methods of Construction for Affordable Housing	Dr. Yash Shukla

*This session started with the overview of affordable walling, roofing and fenestration materials and technologies.* 

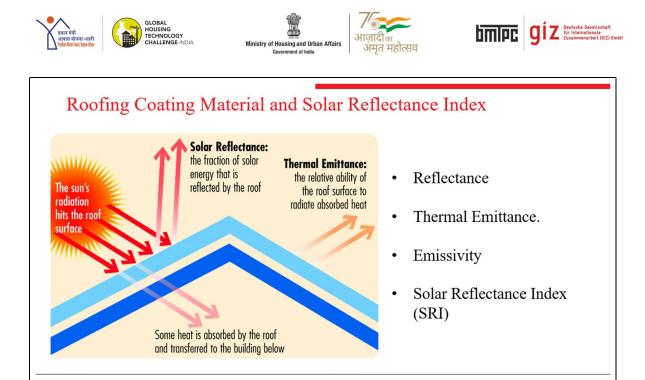




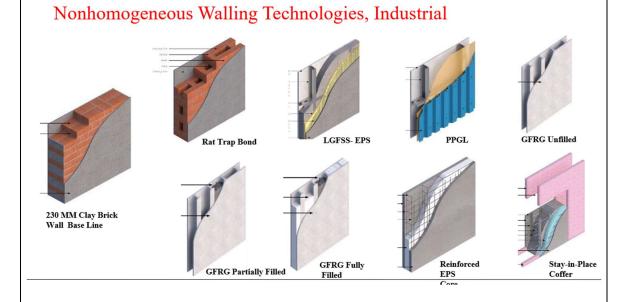








The focus was on alternative construction technologies, low embodied carbon materials, availability of material locally and economics of it.



*The session also provided selected case studies of construction technologies that have been adopted in LHPs.* 

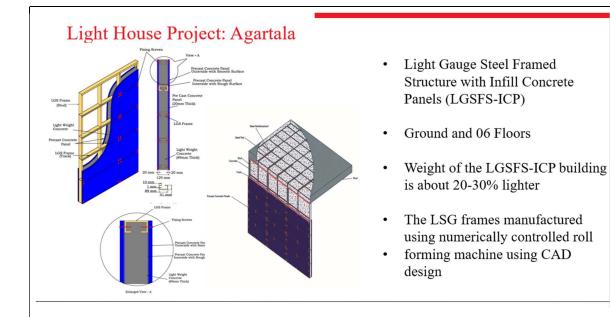




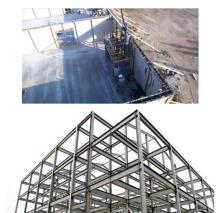








# Light House Project: Lucknow



- PVC Stay in Place Formwork System
- S and 13 Floors
- Rigid poly-vinyl chloride (PVC) based form work system serve as a permanent stay-inplace durable finished form-work for concrete walls
- The PVC extrusions consist of the substrate (inner) and Modifier (outer). The two layers are co- extruded during the manufacturing process to create a solid profile.

13h15 - 13h30	Questions and Answers	
13h30 - 14h30	Lunch Break	
14h30 - 15h15	Session 5 (Technical): Building Codes, Affordable Housing and Thermal Comfort	Dr. Yash Shukla

This session provided an understanding of the provision of various thermal comfort-related clauses in the National Building Code, Eco Niwas Samhita, various guidelines provided by the government.

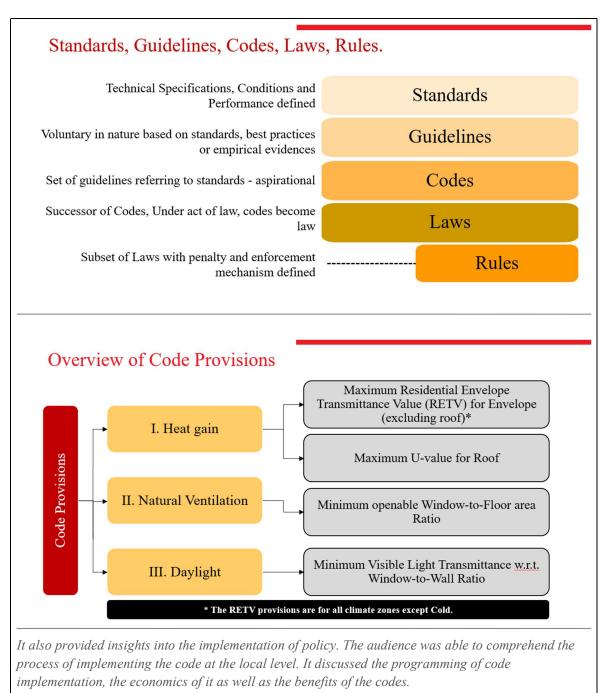












Further, this session outlined the implementation of codes through examples.

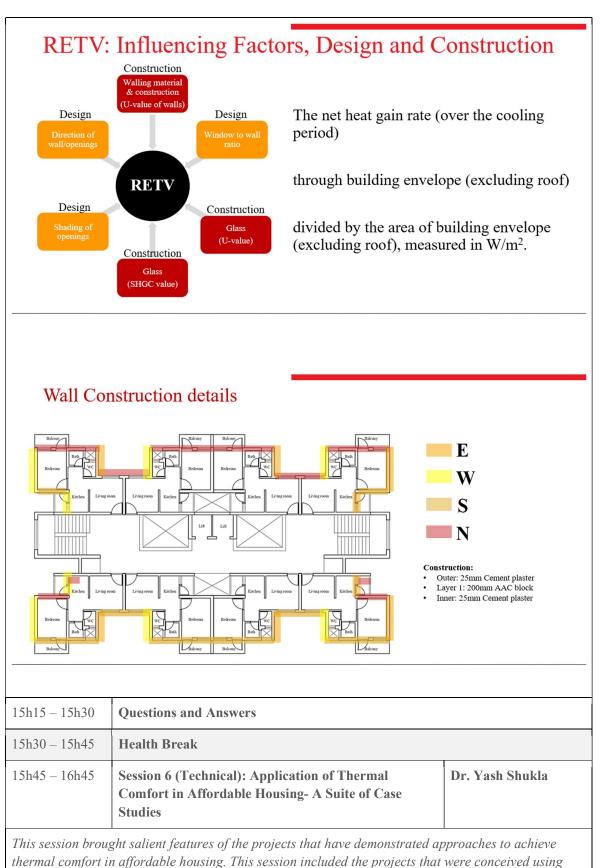














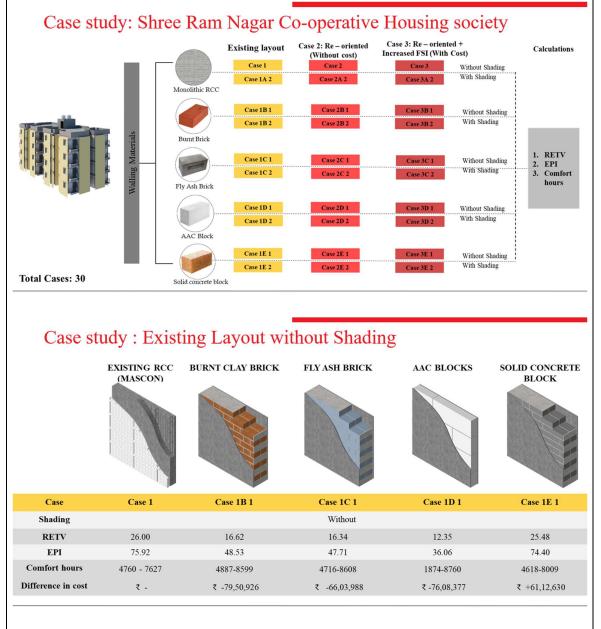








integrated design practices. The case studies in this session highlighted more than one aspect of the project that meets the objective of affordability and comfort. The on-site performance of the housing was also included to help the participants understand the methods of field performances.









Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	7
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