

# Light House Projects : LIVE LABORATORIES

**WEBINAR SERIES: Volume 3 – International Perspective**  
e-Learning sessions on innovative techniques in new age construction  
Aug – Sep 2023

## Volume 3 -Session #02 on Light House Project Chennai, Tamilnadu

Theme – International Perspective Innovative Technologies and Practices in LHPs  
Date: 28.08.2023, Monday| Time: 15:00 – 17:00





*Light House Projects : Live Laboratories  
Webinar Series*

# Emerging Construction Systems for Mass Housing

**bmtac**

**Building Materials & Technology Promotion Council**  
Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs  
Government of India

## Overall Sanctions for 1.19 crore Houses

### Construction of Houses (Nos in lakh)



**Demand**  
**112.24**

**Sanctioned**  
**118.90**

**Grounded\***  
**113.13**

**Completed\***  
**76.25**

### Financial Progress (₹ in Cr)



**Committed**  
**1,99,943**

**Released**  
**1,48,956**

**Expenditure**  
**1,42,533**

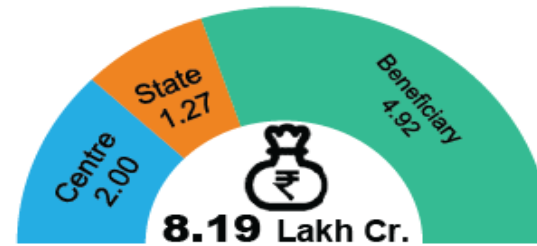
**UC Received**  
**1,42,333**

ISSR\*

S- 3.18

G- 6.36

C- 4.95



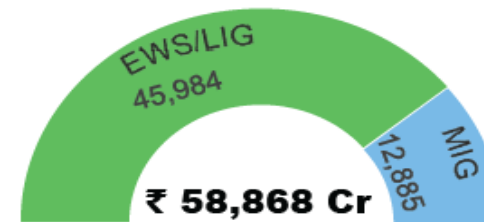
### Houses in verticals (Nos in Lakh)

S- Sanctioned G- Grounded C- Completed



Beneficiaries under CLSS (in lakh)

### Investment Approved (Rs in Lakh Cr.)



Interest Subsidy under CLSS (Rs in Cr.)

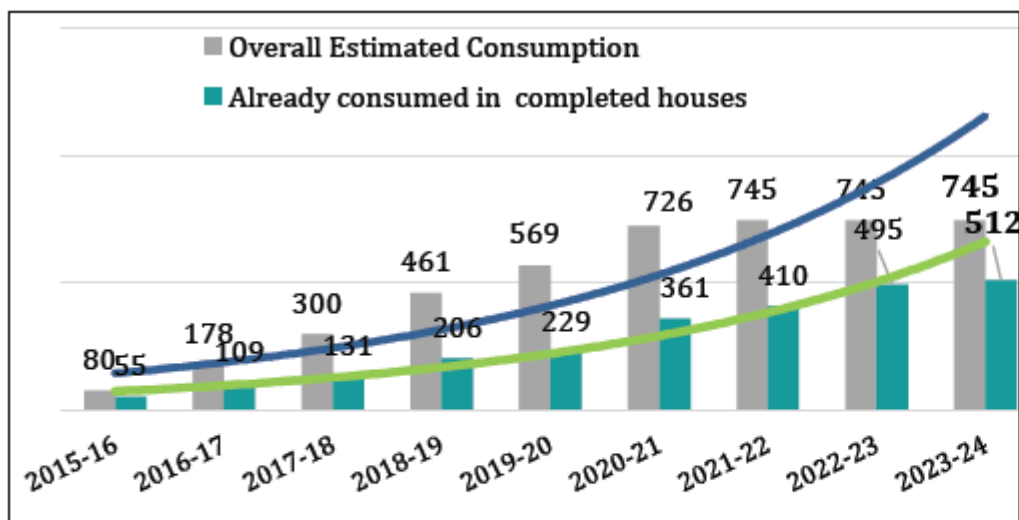
## 16 lakh houses are being constructed using New Technologies



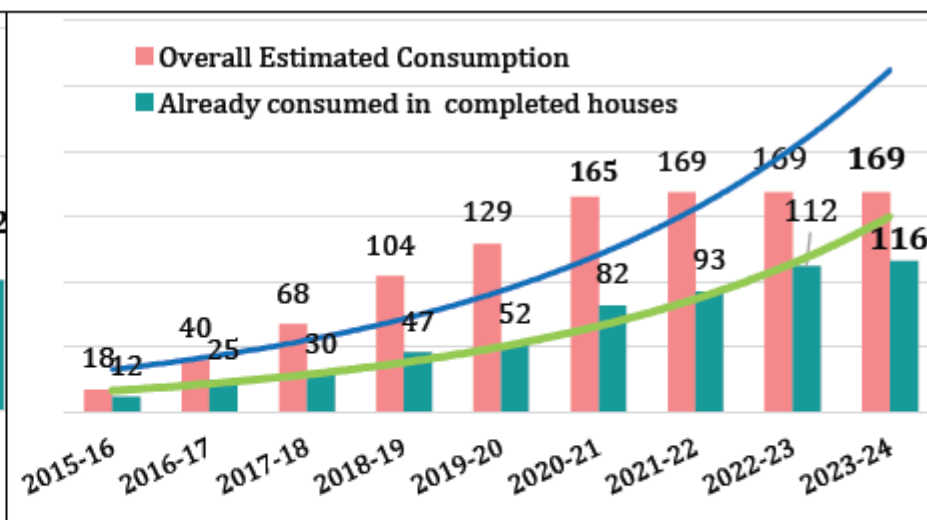
### Generation of Employment

Details	Direct	Indirect	Total
Person days (Nos in Cr.)	259	587	<b>846</b>
Jobs (in lakh)	93	210	<b>303</b>

### Cement Consumption (Lakh MT)



### Steel Consumption (Lakh MT)



\* includes incomplete works of earlier NURM.

सबका सपना, घर हो अपना



https://ghtc-india.gov.in



Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs  
Government of India



आवास मंत्री  
अवकाश योजना-इंटरनेट  
www.mha.gov.in



*"To promote the use of new technologies in the housing sector, we have initiated the Global Housing Technology Challenge-India, so that new emerging technologies could be used for low cost housing."*



GLOBAL  
HOUSING  
TECHNOLOGY  
CHALLENGE INDIA

The Government of India,  
Ministry of Housing and Urban  
Affairs, invites established  
international construction  
technology providers, start ups,  
and various other stakeholders to  
help transform the country's  
construction industry



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# Global Housing Technology Challenge - India (GHTC-I)

Categories	Technology	Tech. Providers
1	<i>Precast Concrete Construction System - 3D Precast volumetric</i>	4
2	<i>Precast Concrete Construction System – Precast components assembled at site</i>	8
3	<i>Light Gauge Steel Structural System &amp; Pre-engineered Steel Structural System</i>	16
4	<i>Prefabricated Sandwich Panel System</i>	9
5	<i>Monolithic Concrete Construction</i>	9
6	<i>Stay In Place Formwork System</i>	8
	Total	<b>54</b>





GLOBAL  
HOUSING  
TECHNOLOGY  
CHALLENGE INDIA

# Light House Projects



**Hon'ble Prime Minister laid the foundation stone of  
six LHPs on 01.01.2021**

# Conventional Construction Systems

*business as usual approach*

The prevalent construction systems in India are:

## ***Load bearing Structure***

In this system, walls are constructed using bricks/stone/block masonry and floor/roof slabs are of RCC/stone/composite or truss. It is cast in-situ system and called load bearing system as load of structure is transferred to foundation and then to ground through walls.



## ***RCC Framed Structure***

In this cast in-situ system, the skeleton of a structure is of RCC column and beam with RCC slab. The infill walls can be of bricks/blocks/stone/panels. The load of the structure is transferred through beam and column to the foundation.





## Conventional Construction Systems

## Alternate Construction Systems

Slow

Fast

Maximum Use of Natural Resources

Optimum use of Resources

Waste Generation

Minimum Waste

Air/Land/Water Pollution

Minimum Pollution

Labour Intensive

Industrialized System

Prescriptive Design

Cost-effective Design

Unhealthy Indoor Quality

Better health & Productivity

Regular Maintenance

Low Life Cycle Cost

Energy Intensive

Energy Efficient

Cast-in-situ Poor Quality

Factory Made Quality Products

High GHG Emissions

Low GHG Emissions

Unsustainable

Sustainable



# 3D Precast Volumetric Construction

- Replacing cast in situ RCC structural frame with factory made structural components – 3D
- Customized factory made volumetric construction i.e. the entire module (room)



# 3D MONOLITHIC VOLUMETRIC Construction



# 1

## Precast Concrete Construction System – 3D Volumetric

1	Pre-cast concrete system with columns, beams, walls, slabs, hollow core slabs & also 3D Volumetric components	Katerra
2	Vertical structural modules cast in Plant/Casting yard are assembled together through casting of floor panel. The unit is transported & installed at site.	Moducast Pvt. Ltd
3	3D Modular casting using steel mould and high performance concrete of building modules in factory. These pods are transported to the construction site & assembled	Magicrete Building Solutions,
4	Modules with 3D Volumetric Precast concrete unit, various units make on house	Ultratech Cement Ltd,



# Light House Project (LHP) at Ranchi, Jharkhand

(Technology: Precast Concrete Construction – 3D Volumetric Construction)

No. of Dwelling Units : 1008 Nos. (G+8)  
No. of Block / Tower : 7 Blocks  
Units in each Block / Tower : 144 Nos.



# Light House Project: Ranchi, Jharkhand

## Construction Process

<b>Construction Agency</b>	M/s SGC Magicrete LLP
<b>Technology Used</b>	Precast Concrete Construction System – 3D Volumetric
<b>No. of Houses</b>	1,008
<b>No. of Towers</b>	07 (G+8)
<b>Technology brief</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A latest technology where precast concrete <b>structural modules</b> like room, toilet, kitchen, bathroom, stairs etc. &amp; any combination of these are cast monolithically in casting yard under controlled condition.</li><li>• These Modules are <b>transported and installed</b> using cranes &amp; push-pull jacks and integrated together at site to form a complete building unit.</li></ul>

1

**Casting of structural modules & slabs in the casting yard**



3

**Placement of pre cast floors on already erected structured modules**



2

**Placement of modules at site using cranes**



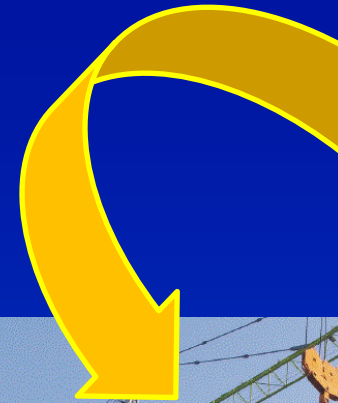
4

**Step 2 & 3 are repeated like Lego Blocks to complete a Tower**



# 2D Precast Concrete Construction

- Replacing cast in situ RCC structural frame with factory made structural components – 2D planar elements
- Customized Factory made beams, columns, wall panels, slab/floors, staircases etc.



# Concrete components prefabricated in precast yard or site and installed in the building during construction



Wall Panels



Spandrel



Solid Slab Panels



Staircase



## 2

### Precast Concrete Construction System – Precast components assembled at site

1	Precast Large Concrete Panel (PLCP) System with structural members (wall, slab etc.) cast in a factory/ casting yard and brought to the building site for erection & assembling	Larsen & Toubro
2	Pre-cast Concrete Structural system comprising of pre-cast column, beam, precast concrete / light weight slab, AAC blocks/ infill concrete walls.	B.G. Shirke Construction Technology Pvt. Ltd
3	Optimal Pre-cast concrete System through structural Analysis, design & equipment support	Elematic India,
4	Precast concrete construction system using precast walls with precast plank floor	PG Setty Construction Technology Pvt Ltd,
5	Precast components comprising of beams, columns, staircase, slab, hollow core slab etc. manufactured in plant & erected on site	Teemage
6	Pre-cast sandwich panel system & Light weight Pre cast Light Weight concrete slab	Nordicflex
7	Prefabricated Interlocking Technology (without mortar) with Roofing as Mechanized Precast R.C. Plank & Joist system	Adalakha Associates Pvt. Ltd
8	Large Hollow wall prefab concrete Panel (lightweight, interlocking, concrete panel) using factory produced large standard hollow interlocking concrete block	William Ling,



# Light House Project (LHP) at Chennai, Tamil Nadu

(Technology: Precast Concrete Construction System-Precast Components)

No. of Dwelling Units : 1152 Nos. (G+5)  
No. of Block / Tower : 12 Blocks  
Units in each Block / Tower : 96 Nos.



# Light House Project: Chennai, Tamil Nadu

## Construction Process

<b>Construction Agency</b>	M/s B.G. Shirke Constriction Private Ltd.
<b>Technology Used</b>	Precast Concrete Construction System - Precast Components Assembled at Site
<b>No. of Houses</b>	1,152
<b>No. of Towers</b>	12 (G+5)
<b>Technology Brief</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Individual <b>precast building components</b> (columns &amp; beams, slabs, stairs etc.) are manufactured in the <b>casting yard</b> under controlled conditions.</li><li>• Finished components are then transported to site, erected &amp; assembled through in-situ concreting (<b>wet jointing</b>).</li></ul>

1

**Manufacturing** of Pre-cast building components (columns & beams, slabs, stairs etc.) in casting yard



2

**Transportation & Erection** of Pre-cast beams & columns at site



3

**Placement** of pre-cast slabs & **Assembly** through in-situ concreting (wet jointing) with beam and columns



4

**Infill walls** constructed using Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) Block masonry along with **services** (electricity, plumbing) followed by plastering



# PRE-ENGINEERED STEEL STRUCTURAL SYSTEM

- Replacing cast in situ RCC structural frame with factory made steel (hot rolled) structural system





**Steel skeleton with Aerocon panel infills**

# LIGHT GAUGE STEEL STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

- Replacing cast in situ RCC structural frame with factory made light gauge steel (cold rolled) structural system



## 3

### Light Gauge Steel Structural System & Pre-engineered Steel Structural System

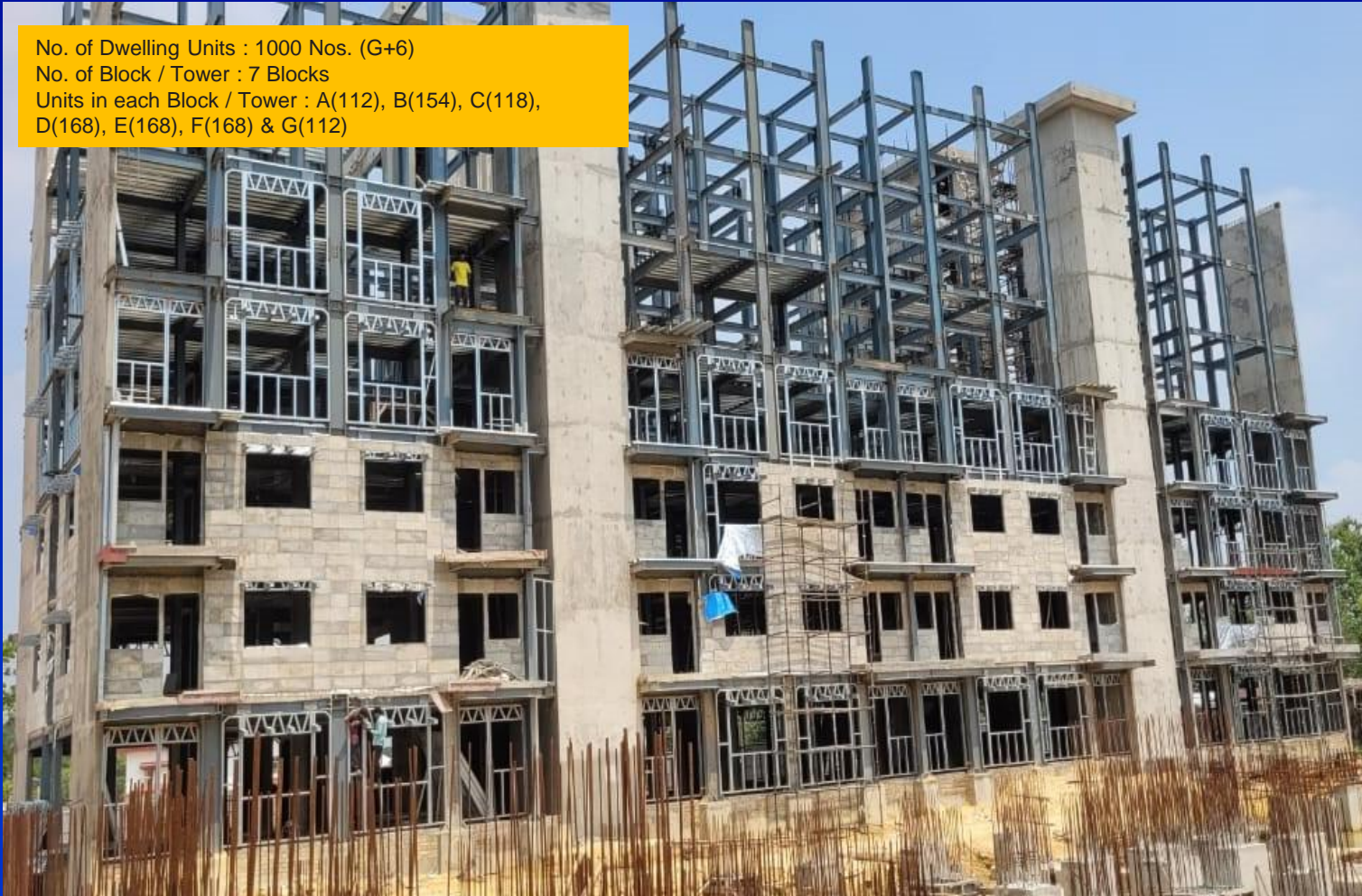
1	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	Mitsumi Housing Pvt. Ltd,
2	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	Everest Industries Ltd,
3	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	JSW Steel Ltd.,
4	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	Society for Development of Composites
5	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	Elemente Designer Homes
6	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	MGI Infra Pvt. Ltd.,
7	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	RCM Prefab Pvt. Ltd,
8	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	Nipani Infra and Industries Pvt. Ltd.,
9	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing options	Strawcture Eco
10	LGS Framing with various walling & roofing actions	Visakha Industries Ltd.
11	Prefabricated steel structural system with Dry wall system as AAC panels, PUF panels etc	RCC Infra Ventures Ltd.
12	Hot rolled steel frame with speed floor	Jindal Steel & Power Ltd.
13	Hot rolled steel section with AAC Panels as floor & slab	HIL Ltd.
14	AAC wall and roof panel system to provide integrated solution. AAC products are reinforced and used in both load and non-load bearing applications	Biltech Building Elements Ltd
15	AAC Panels are Wire mesh/ steel reinforced for use as wall & slab. Appears to be non load bearing panels to be used with structural framing.	SCG International India Pvt Ltd
16	Precast Light Weight Hollow-core wall Panel is a non-structural construction material with framed structures.	Pioneer Precast Solutions Private Limited



# Light House Project (LHP) at Agartala, Tripura

(Technology: Light Gauge Steel Structural System & Pre-Engineered Steel Structural System)

No. of Dwelling Units : 1000 Nos. (G+6)  
No. of Block / Tower : 7 Blocks  
Units in each Block / Tower : A(112), B(154), C(118),  
D(168), E(168), F(168) & G(112)





# Light House Project: Agartala, Tripura

## Construction Process

<b>Construction Agency</b>	M/s Mitsumi Housing Pvt. Ltd
<b>Technology Used</b>	Light Gauge Steel Framed (LGSF) System with Pre-engineered Steel Structural System
<b>No. of Houses</b>	1,000
<b>No. of Towers</b>	07 (G+6)
<b>Technology brief</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• This system uses factory made galvanized <b>Light Gauge Steel</b> wall components in combination with pre-engineered steel structural system for structure</li><li>• The light gauge steel wall sections are <b>assembled at site</b> which are then cladded with concrete panels on both sides and filled with light weight concrete.</li></ul>

1

**Customised steel columns & beams** manufactured in the factory are erected at site



2

**Erection of factory made LGSF panels** and **Fixing** of Precast concrete panels for walling



3

**Filling of light weight concrete** between the wall panels



4

**Deck slab installation** in already erected steel structure & **Concreting with services**



# PREFABRICATED SANDWICH PANEL SYSTEMS



230 MM Clay Brick Wall



Rat Trap Bond

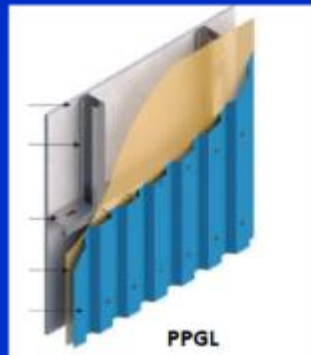
- EPS Core Panel Systems
- Other Sandwich Panel Systems
  - Fibre cement board
  - MgO Board
  - AAC panels



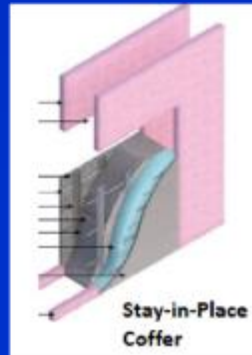
Reinforced EPS Core



LGFSS- EPS



PPGL



Stay-in-Place Coffered



- **Replacing brick and mortar walls with dry customized walls made in factory**

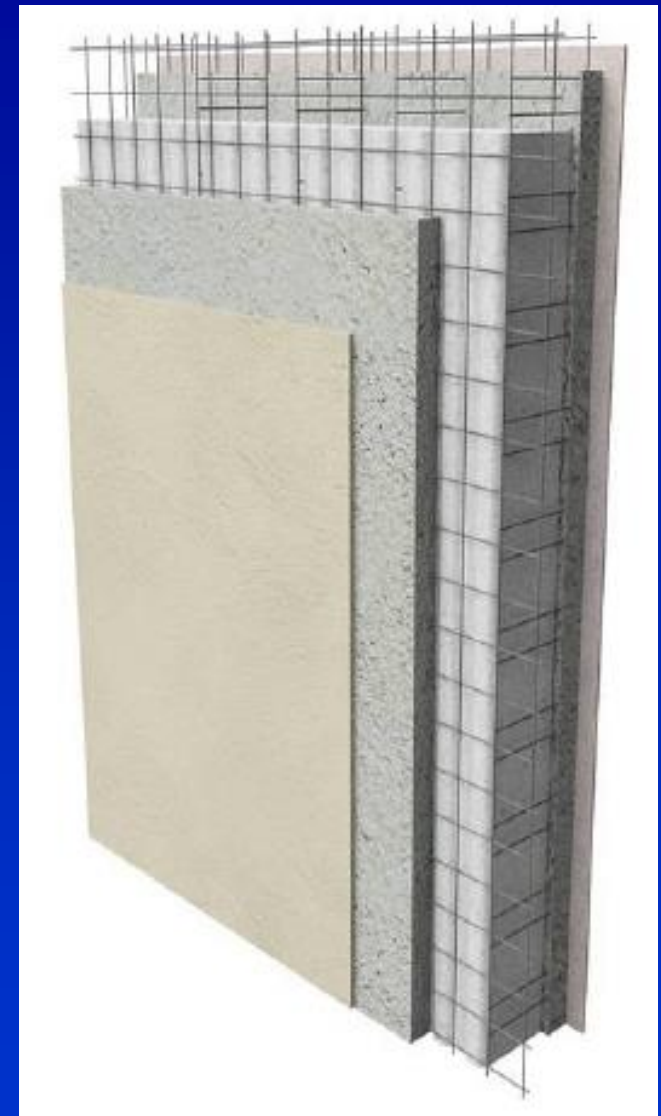




SINGLE



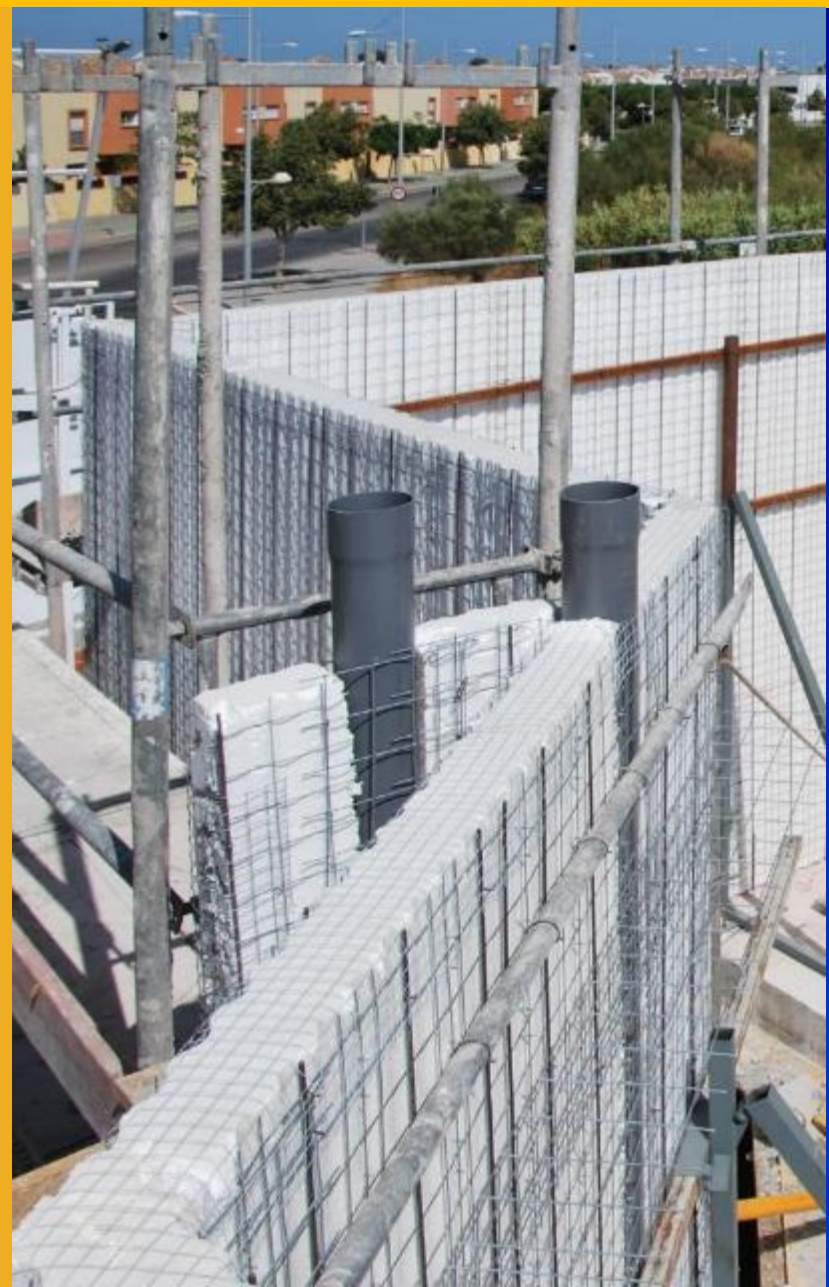
DOUBLE



# 4

## Prefabricated Sandwich Panel System

1	Reinforced Expanded Polystyrene sheet core Panel with sprayed concrete as wall & slab	Worldhaus
2	EPS Cement sandwich Panel: wall & slab with EPS Cement sandwich Panel to be used with RCC or Steel structural frame. Load bearing upto G+1 storey	Bhargav Infrastructure Pvt.Ltd
3	EPS Cement sandwich Panel: wall & slab with EPS Cement sandwich Panel to be used with RCC or Steel structural frame. Load bearing upto G+1 storey	Rising Japan Infra Private Limited
4	Reinforced Expanded Polystyrene sheet core Panel with sprayed concrete as wall & slab	Bau Panel Systems India Pvt Ltd,
5	Reinforced Expanded Polystyrene sheet core Panel with sprayed concrete as wall & slab	BK Chemtech Engineering
6	Reinforced Expanded Polystyrene sheet core Panel with sprayed concrete as wall & slab	MSN Construction
7	Reinforced Expanded Polystyrene sheet core Panel with sprayed concrete as wall & slab	Beardshell Ltd.
8	Pre-fab PIR (Poly-isocyanurate) based Dry Wall Panel System" as non-load bearing wall	Covestro India Pvt. Ltd.,
9	Sandwich panels as wall & slab	Project Etopia Group



# Light House Project (LHP) at Indore, M.P.

(Technology: Prefabricated Sandwich Panel System & Pre-Engineered Steel Structural System)

No. of Dwelling Units : 1024 Nos. (S+8)  
No. of Block / Tower : 8 Blocks  
Units in each Block / Tower : 128 Nos.



# Light House Project: Indore, Madhya Pradesh

## Construction Process

<b>Construction Agency</b>	M/s KPR Construction Pvt. Ltd
<b>Technology Used</b>	Prefabricated Sandwich Panel System with Pre-Engineered Steel Structural System
<b>No. of Houses</b>	1,024
<b>No of Towers</b>	08 (S+8)
<b>Technology brief</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The <b>factory-made Prefabricated Sandwich Panel System</b> comprises of core cement mortar with EPS granules balls sandwiched between calcium silicate boards on both sides.</li><li>• These panels are being used in combination with <b>pre-engineered steel structural system as a dry wall construction</b> in this project.</li></ul>

1

**Customised steel columns & beams** manufactured in the factory are erected at site



2

**Deck slab installation in already erected steel structure**



3

**Concreting** of deck slabs with reinforcement along with **services**



4

**Factory made Prefabricated sandwich panels** are installed as infilled walls along with services



# Rising EPS (Beads) Cement Panels



- Rising EPS (Beads) Cement Panels are patented panels from M/s Rising Japan Infra Pvt. Ltd. These are lightweight composite wall, floor and roof sandwich panels made of thin fiber cement/calcium silicate board as outer and inner faces with a core of EPS granule balls, adhesive, cement, sand, fly ash and other bonding materials in mortar form.
- The core material in slurry state is pushed under pressure into preset molds. Once set, it shall be moved for curing and ready for use with RCC or steel framed structure.
- These panels are presently manufactured by the firm in China and now plants are operational in Pune & Nagpur.



# MONOLITHIC CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION

- Replacing cast-in-situ Formwork with factory made customized formwork systems
- Formwork material is Aluminium / composites / steel having 100 to 500 repetitions
- Assembly line construction i.e. placing the formwork, pouring the concrete, moving the formwork to upper level



## 5

### Monolithic Concrete Construction

1	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	Maini Scaffold Systems
2	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	KumkangKind India Pvt. Ltd
3	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	S-form India Pvt. Ltd.,
4	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	ATS Infrastructure Ltd.
5	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	Innovative housing & Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd
6	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	MFS formwork Systems Pvt. Ltd.
7	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	Knest Manufacturers LLP
8	'Tunnel form' construction technology, an cast in situ RCC system, based on the use of high-precision, re-usable, room-sized, steel forms or moulds for monolithic concrete construction	Outinord Formworks Pvt. Ltd.
9	Aluminium formwork system for Monolithic Concrete construction	Brilliant Etoile



# Light House Project (LHP) at Rajkot, Gujarat

(Technology: Monolithic Concrete Construction System)

No. of Dwelling Units : 1144 Nos. (S+13)  
No. of Block / Tower : 11 Blocks  
Units in each Block / Tower : 104 Nos.



# Light House Project: Rajkot, Gujarat

<b>Construction Agency</b>	M/s Malani Construction Co.
<b>Technology Used</b>	Monolithic Concrete Construction using Tunnel Formwork
<b>No. of Houses</b>	1,144
<b>No. of Towers</b>	11 (S+13)
<b>Technology brief</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Reinforced Concrete walls and slabs</b> are cast monolithically in single pour (one go) using Tunnel Form work.</li><li>• It is a customized engineered steel formwork consisting of <b>two half shells</b> which are placed together and then <b>concreting</b> is done to form a room size module. Several such modules make a house.</li></ul>

## Construction Process

- 1 Customised Tunnel Formwork** (mould) of steel manufactured in the factory



- 2 Placement of Tunnel formwork** in already erected reinforcement cage for walls at site



- 3 Placement of slab reinforcement & Concreting** of walls & slabs together in one go along with **services** (electricity,



- 4 Infill walls** constructed using Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) Block followed by plastering



# Modular Tunnel form



- Tunnel formwork is a mechanized system for cellular structures. It is based on two half shells which are placed together to form a room or cell. Several cells make an apartment. With tunnel forms, walls and slab are cast in a single day.
- The formwork is set up for the day's pour in the morning. The reinforcement and services are positioned and concrete is poured in the afternoon. Once reinforcement is placed, concrete for walls and Slabs shall be poured in one single operation. The formwork is stripped the early morning and positioned for the subsequent phase.
- Here the walls and slabs are cast in a form of a tunnel leaving two sides open whereas in monolithic concrete construction the entire room is cast in a single pour..

# STAY-IN-PLACE FORMWORK SYSTEM

- Replacing cast-in-situ Formwork with factory made formwork systems
- It is sacrificial formwork or lost formwork means formwork is left in the structural system to later act as insulation or reinforcement cage









# 6

## Stay In Place Formwork System

1	Expanded-Steel Panel reinforced with all- galvanised Steel Wire-Struts serving both as the load- bearing steel structure and as the stay-in-place steel formwork filled with EPS- alleviated concrete	JK Structure
2	Factory made prefab Glass fibre reinforced Gypsum cage panels suitable for wall & slab with reinforcement & concrete as infill as per the requirement	FACT-RCF Building Products Limited
3	Structural Stay In Place Galvanized Steel formwork system for walling with the same bottom single layer formwork for slabs/ in-situ slab	Coffor Construction Technology Pvt.Ltd
4	Factory produced PVC Stay in place formwork with concrete & reinforcement in walling units with cast insitu RCC Slab	Joseph Jebastin (Novel Assembler)
5	Fully load bearing walls with 150 mm monolithic concrete core sandwiched inside two layers of EPS as walling The forms are open ended hollow polystyrene interlocking blocks which fits together to form shuttering system	Reliable Insupack
6	Ready to use Stay in place polymer formwork, light weight, with flooring slab (combination of ferro cement and natural stone) placed on RCC precast joists)	Kalzen Realty Pvt. Ltd
7	Fast Bloc, Insulated Concrete Form (ICF), acts as formwork for concrete and rebar, Co1oumn/post and beam construction, creating an strong skeleton in the walls.	Fastbloc Building Systems
8	Formwork system "Plaswall with Two fibre cement boards (FCB) & HIMI (High Impact Molded Inserts) bonded between two sheets of FCB in situ and erected to produce a straight-to finish wall with in-situ concrete	FTS Buildtech Pvt.Ltd



# Light House Project (LHP) at Lucknow, U.P.

(Technology: Stay in-place Formwork System & Pre-Engineered Steel Structural System)

No. of Dwelling Units : 1040 Nos. (S+13)  
No. of Block / Tower : 4 Blocks  
Units in each Block / Tower : A(494), B(130), C(208) & D(208)



# Light House Project: Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh

## Construction Process

<b>Construction Agency</b>	M/s Jam Sustainable LLP
<b>Technology Used</b>	Stay in Place PVC Formwork with Pre-Engineered Steel Structural System
<b>No. of Houses</b>	1,040
<b>No. of Towers</b>	04 (S+13)
<b>Technology brief</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Poly-vinyl Chloride (PVC) based permanent stay-in-place form work acting as pre finished walls filled with concrete which requires no plaster and paint</li><li>• These pre finished walls are used in combination with Pre-Engineered Steel Structural System</li></ul>

**1 Customised steel columns & beams** manufactured in the factory are erected at site



**2 Deck slab installation** in already erected steel structure & **Concreting with services**



**3 Factory made prefinished PVC Wall forms** are installed as infilled walls along with services



**4 Filling of infill walls with concrete**

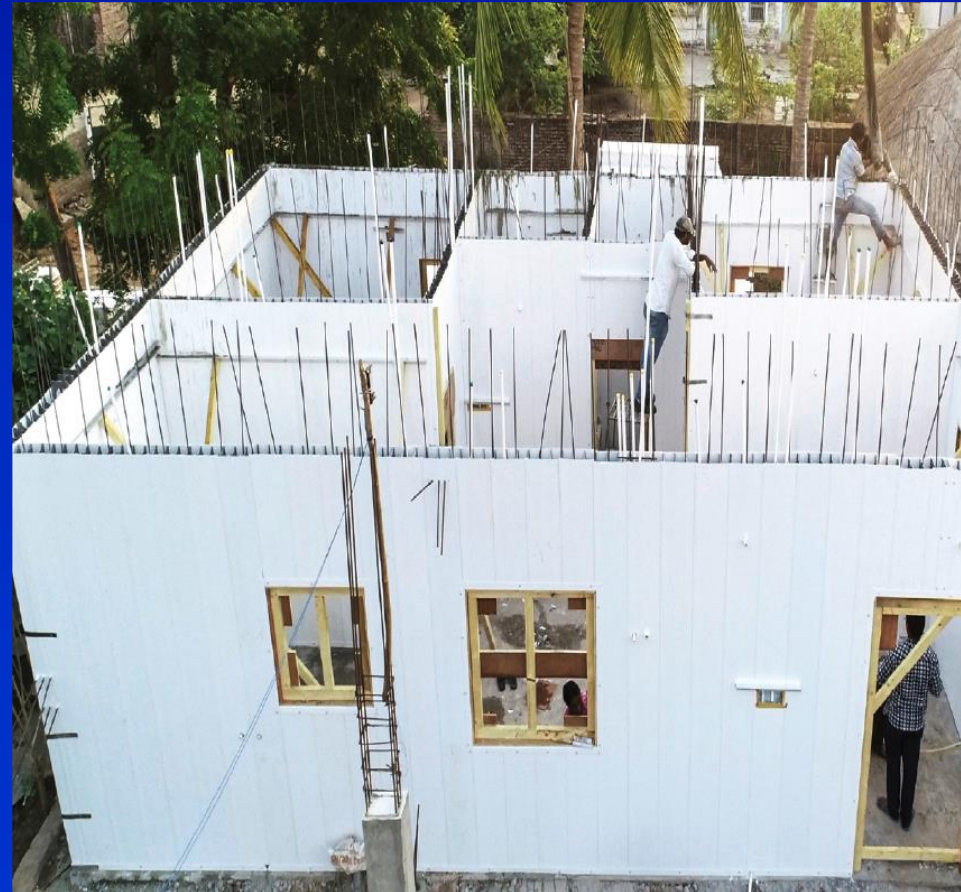


# Stay-In-Place PVC Wall Forms



- This is a prefinished wall formwork from M/s Novel Assembler Pvt. Ltd. comprising of rigid Poly-Vinyl Chloride (PVC) based polymer components that serve as a permanent stay-in-place durable finished form-work for concrete walls.

- The extruded components slide and interlock together to create continuous formwork with the two faces of the wall connected together by continuous web members forming hollow rectangular components. The web members are punched with oval-shaped cores to allow easy flow of the poured concrete between the components.
- The hollow Novel Wall components are erected and filled with concrete, in situ, to provide a monolithic concrete wall.



## Conventional Construction Systems

## Alternate Construction Systems

Slow

Fast

Maximum Use of Natural Resources

Optimum use of Resources

Waste Generation

Minimum Waste

Air/Land/Water Pollution

Minimum Pollution

Labour Intensive

Industrialized System

Prescriptive Design

Cost-effective Design

Unhealthy Indoor Quality

Better health & Productivity

Regular Maintenance

Low Life Cycle Cost

Energy Intensive

Energy Efficient

Cast-in-situ Poor Quality

Factory Made Quality Products

High GHG Emissions

Low GHG Emissions

Unsustainable

Sustainable



Emerging construction systems help to build

**SAFER** structures

## Sustainable Buildings

- ❖ 30%-50% reduction in energy use
- ❖ 40% reduction in water use
- ❖ 35% reduction in GHG emission
- ❖ 75% reduction in waste

**E**

Economical - low life cycle cost, better quality

**R**

Resilient - disaster-resistant, structurally superior

# Adoption of New Technologies by States

EWS 02-ERECTION WORK IS IN PROGRESS



*AHP houses in Pune, Maharashtra using Precast Construction Technology*

- Around **16 Lakh houses** are being built using innovative technologies under PMAY(U) & other state schemes.

State	Technology
Andhra Pradesh	EPS, Monolithic and Steel Technology
Chhattisgarh	Monolithic and Precast Technology
Gujarat	Monolithic, Precast (Waffle-crete)
Kerala	Glass Fibre Reinforced Gypsum (GFRG)
Maharashtra	Precast (3S) & Monolithic Technology
Odisha	Precast concrete construction
Jharkhand	Global Tender floated
Tamil Nadu	Precast Concrete Technology
States like Assam, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Telangana & Uttarakhand have also expressed interest in Technology neutral bidding process	

**54**

Alternate technologies Identified

**54**

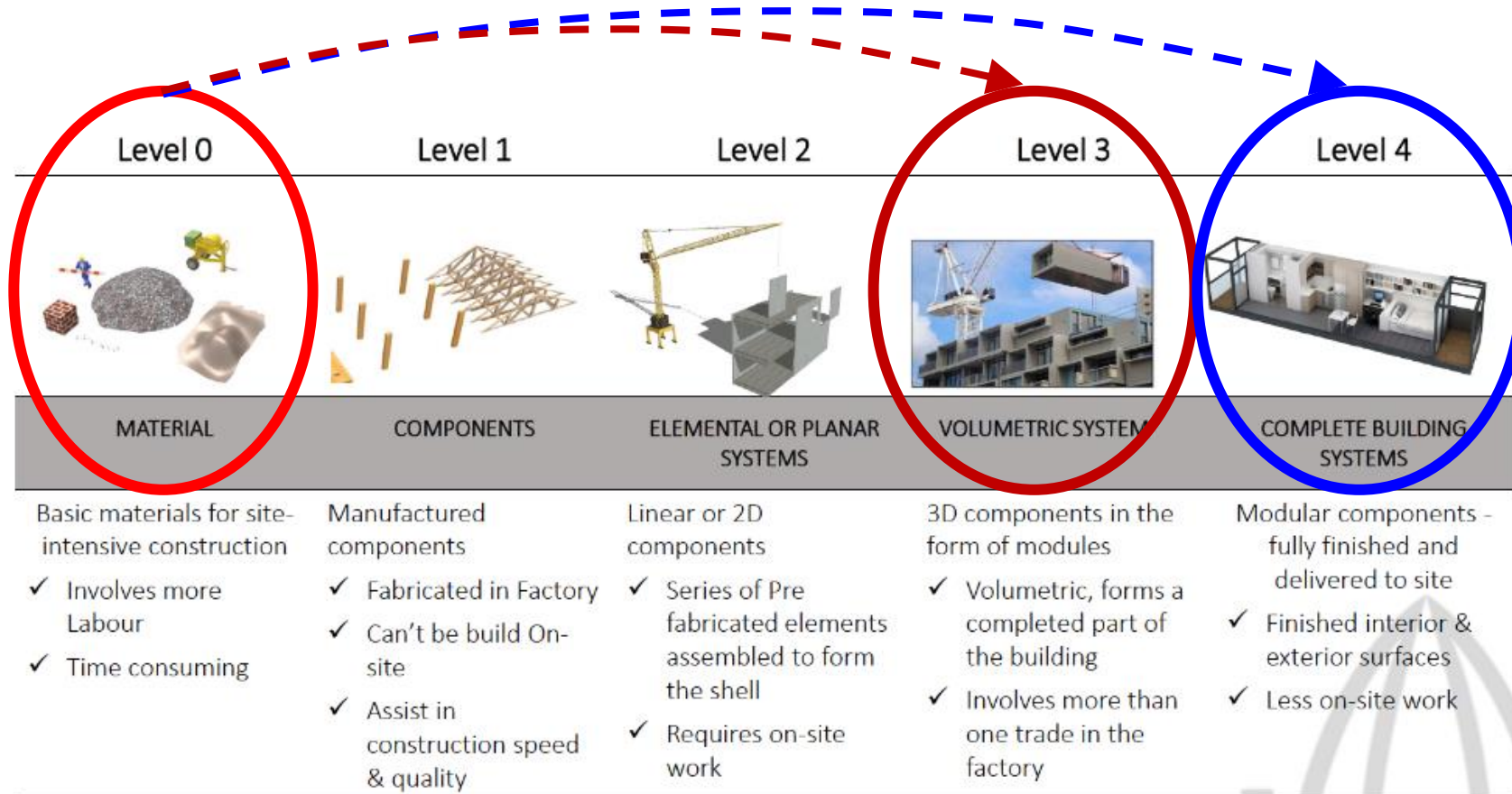
technologies approved by CPWD

**34**

SoRs issued for alternate technologies by CPWD (27+7)

# Looking Back / Rear view

## Levels of Construction Technology



Source: Gibb., A.G.F., *Off-site Fabrication—Pre-Assembly, Pre-Fabrication, and Modularization*

Courtesy :  **hmvision**  
Abode All





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*“Creating Enabling Environment for Affordable Housing for All”*





Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs  
Government of India

## **Volume 3 - Session #02 on Light House Project Chennai, Tamil Nadu**

**Theme – International Perspective Innovative Technologies and  
Practices in LHPs**

**Date : 28.08.2023 ,Monday | Time : 15:00 – 17:00**

# **LIGHT HOUSE PROJECT AT CHENNAI**

GHTC-India Category:

**Precast Concrete Construction System – Precast components assembled at site**

Technology:

**Industrialized 3-S system using RCC Precast Columns, Beams, Semi-Precast Solid Slab  
with AAC Block masonry**

## ■ Project brief:

- 1152 houses constructed in G+5 configuration.
- The total plot area is around 30,000 Sqm and carpet area of each house is approximately 27 Sqm.
- There are 12 residential blocks.
- The project also includes social infrastructure such as Aganwadi, Shops, Milk Booth, Library and Ration Shop.

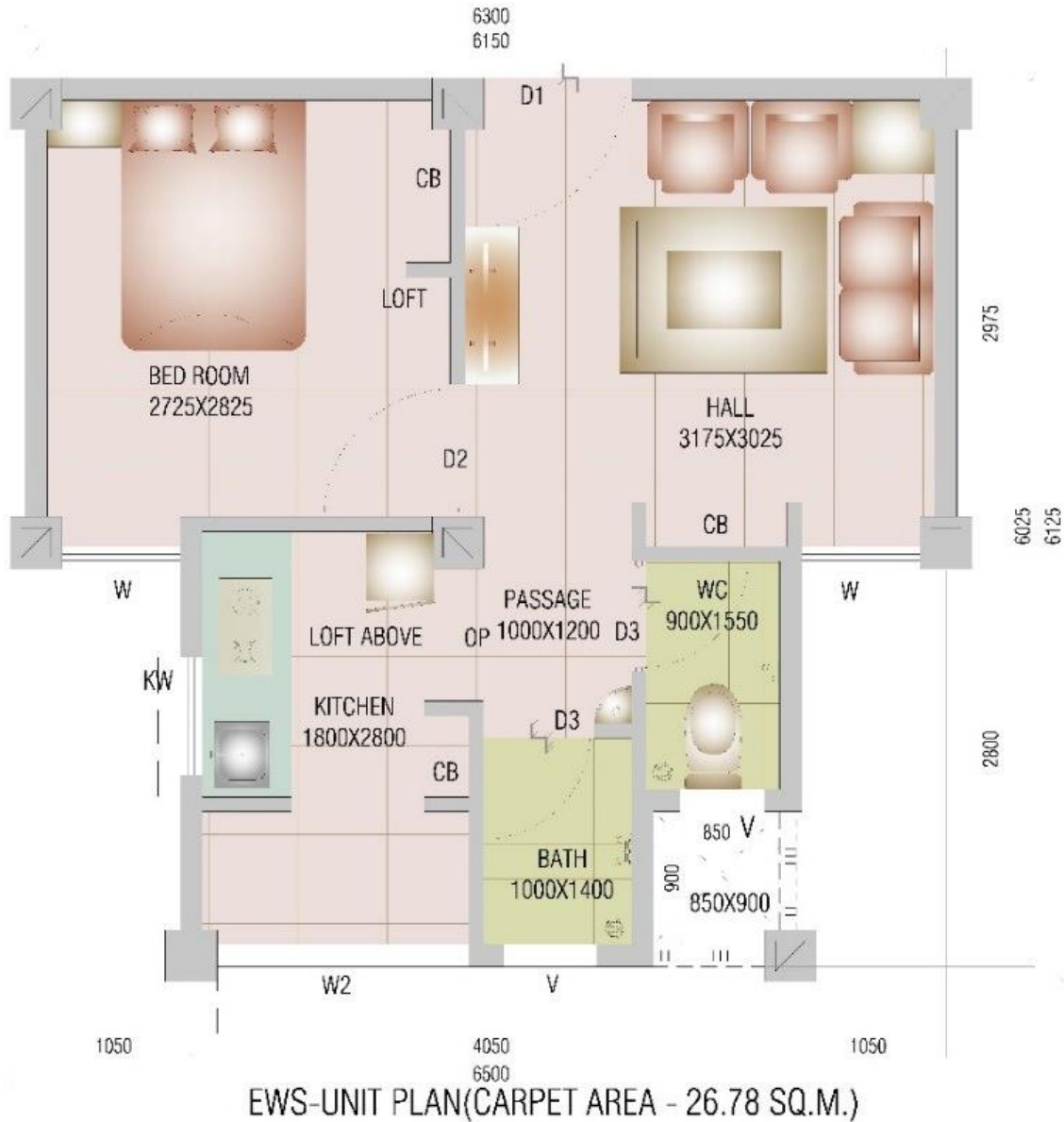
## Typical floor plan



At each floor there are 16 dwelling units



# Typical Dwelling Unit Plan



- Each dwelling unit comprises of one hall, one Bedroom, Kitchen, WC and Bath.
- The carpet area of each unit is 26.78 sq.mt. The sizes of individual rooms & service areas conform to NBC norms.
- **Other special features:**
  - Green rating as per GRIHA
  - Use of renewable resources:
    - Rain water harvesting
    - Solar lighting
  - Solid waste management
  - STP with recycling of waste water
  - Fire fighting services as per NBC norms



## Prevalent Construction Systems

### Load bearing Structure

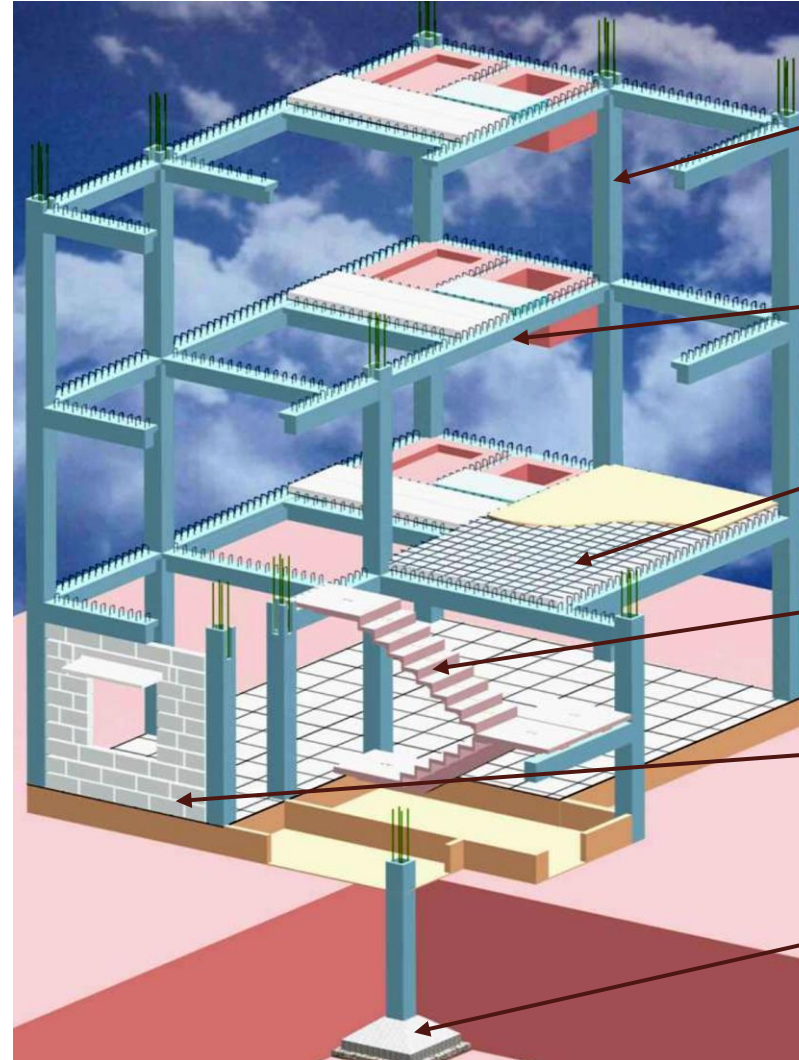


### RCC Framed Structure



## Technology being Used

### Precast Concrete Construction System-Precast Components Assembled at Site



**Precast RCC Hollow Columns – core filled in-situ with self-compacting concrete.**

**Partially Precast RCC Beam – top part being cast with column and slab for monolithicity**

**Partially Precast slab with reinforced concrete screed**

**Precast staircase**

**Autoclaved Aerated Blocks (AAC) masonry for walls. This can also be replaced with precast RCC shear wall**

**Conventional RCC footing with precast stem column upto plinth level**

# Technology Details

**Building components (beams, columns, slabs, staircases, sunshades) are pre cast in Casting Yard near site**

**Use of Green Concrete using industrial waste (granulated ground blast furnace slag)**

**Precast components erected and joined sequentially to construct the entire building**

**The walls comprise of light weight & environment friendly Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) Blocks**

**Internal services are pre-planned in sync with precast components**

**Technology brings resource optimisation, improved quality, durability & better finish**

**Neat and dust free construction site due to use of pre-cast components**

**Minimum use of shuttering and scaffolding materials**

# Structural Elements

## Foundation

- As per geo-technical investigations, bearing capacity, soil strata, water table, etc.
- Typical isolated footing along with some combined footings of varying sizes depending on the load.
- Precast RCC Stem columns upto plinth level and connected with precast plinth beam.
- The stem columns have notches in which precast beams are placed.

## Structural System

- Industrialized 3-S (Strength, Safety, Speed) prefab method of construction is based on mass produced precast structural components (columns, beams, shear walls, slabs, stairs etc.) onsite or offsite.
- The methodology of construction includes assembly of precast RCC hollow columns, beams and partially precast RCC solid slabs at site. The slabs have in-situ reinforced concrete laid on top after erection thereby making them monolithic.

## Floor/ Roof Slab

- The partially precast slab, precast beam and column are assembled together and wet jointed through screed of reinforced concrete laid on top making it monolithic structure.

## Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) Blocks for Wall

- Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) blocks are lightweight, precast manufactured using foam concrete and suitable as masonry unit. These are non-load bearing infill walls.

## Limitations

- Capital intensive since establishment of precast factory is required.
- Minimum number of dwelling units required to achieve cost economy.
- Skilled manpower is required for production and erection of precast components.





# **Casting of Precast Elements**

# CASTING OF PRECAST ELEMENTS



- Let's take you to a tour of typical casting yard which is setup at site for production of beam columns and slabs including other components like staircase, sunshades and lintels etc.

# CASTING OF PRECAST ELEMENTS



- Casting of partially precast slabs

# CASTING OF PRECAST ELEMENTS



Precast Beam



Precast slab



Precast Column



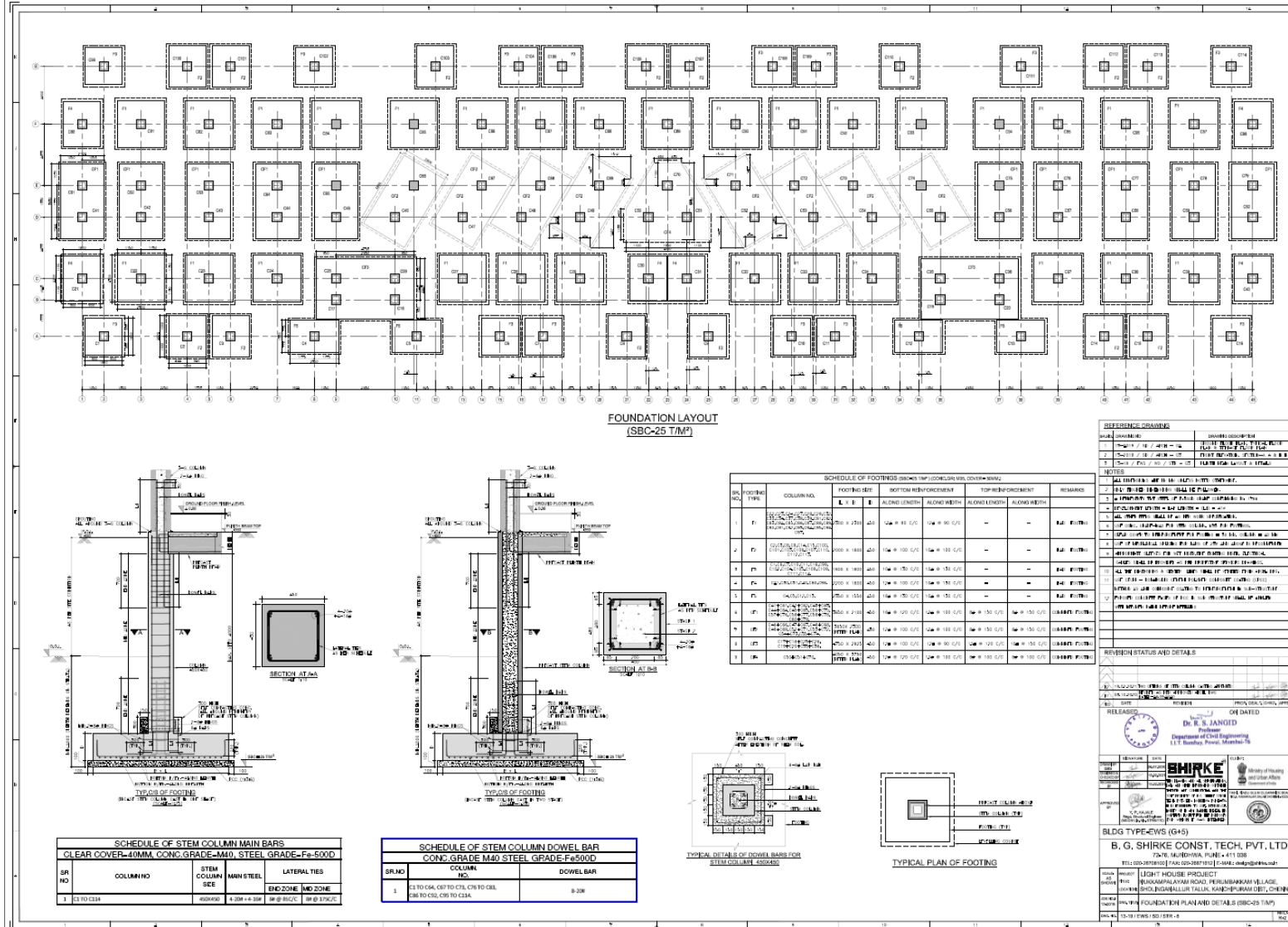
Precast Stairs

# Construction Sequence

- **Sub-Structure:** Foundation
- **Super-structure:** Structural System  
Floors/ Slab  
AAC Block Masonry for walls
- **MEP:** Plumbing & Electrical
- **Finishing**

# Structural Drawings

# FOUNDATION



# FOUNDATION



- The typical project starts with layout and excavation.
- After the layout at site, the excavation of each block is done using mechanical excavators upto the required depth of foundation.

# FOUNDATION



- In Chennai project, ground water was encountered during the excavation which was continuously drained during the foundation work.



# FOUNDATION



- Before laying the foundation, the plain cement concrete is laid.
- The foundation work started with the PCC of 100 mm thickness.

# FOUNDATION

## Plate Load Test

- Safe bearing capacity of  $25\text{t/m}^2$  has been considered for design of isolated and combined footing based on the soil investigation done at site by the construction agency.
- The construction agency also conducted plate load test to verify the SBC at representative locations.
- The plate load test was conducted at a depth of 3.0 m from ground level.
- Plate used for test was  $0.3\text{m} \times 0.3\text{m}$  having area of  $0.09\text{sqm}$ . Capacity of the jack  $200\text{KN}$ .
- Least count of settlement gauge was  $0.01\text{mm}$  and hydraulic pressure gauge of  $10\text{ kg/sq.cm}$ .
- Load increment was done for 24 hrs. Maximum load applied was  $576\text{KN}$ . The gross settlement was  $4.04\text{mm}$  which was well within the acceptable limit.



# FOUNDATION



- After PCC, isolated and combined RCC footings of varying thickness depending upon structural design with M35 concrete are placed.

# FOUNDATION



- After PCC, isolated and combined RCC footings of varying thickness depending upon structural design with M35 concrete are placed.



**FOOTING REINFORCEMENT**

# BLOCK 10 & 11



CASTING OF FOOTING



**FOOTING COMPLETE**

# FOUNDATION

## Stem Column

- Precast stem column are placed on the RCC footing.
- The size of the typical stem column is 450mmX450mm and its' height is upto the plinth beam. Main bars consist of 4No 20 dia and 4 no. 16 dia.
- The grade of concrete used is M40.
- Column core is formed by using EXPAMESH which acts as a sacrificial formwork to maintain the dimensional accuracy.
- Clear cover to reinforcement is kept at 40mm. OPC cement of grade 53 with C3A content (5% to 8%) has been used below ground level due to high chloride content in the soil as recommended in soil investigation report.
- Exposed surfaces of RCC in sub-structure have been applied with bitumen paint before refilling.





# FOUNDATION



- Backfilling of foundation after completion of erection of stem column and plinth beam.



**STEM COLUMN ERECTION**



**STEM COLUMN ERECTION**

# FOUNDATION



- After erection of these hollow core stem columns, precast plinth beam are integrated in the column notches.



**Plinth Beam Erection work in progress**



**Backfilling work in progress**

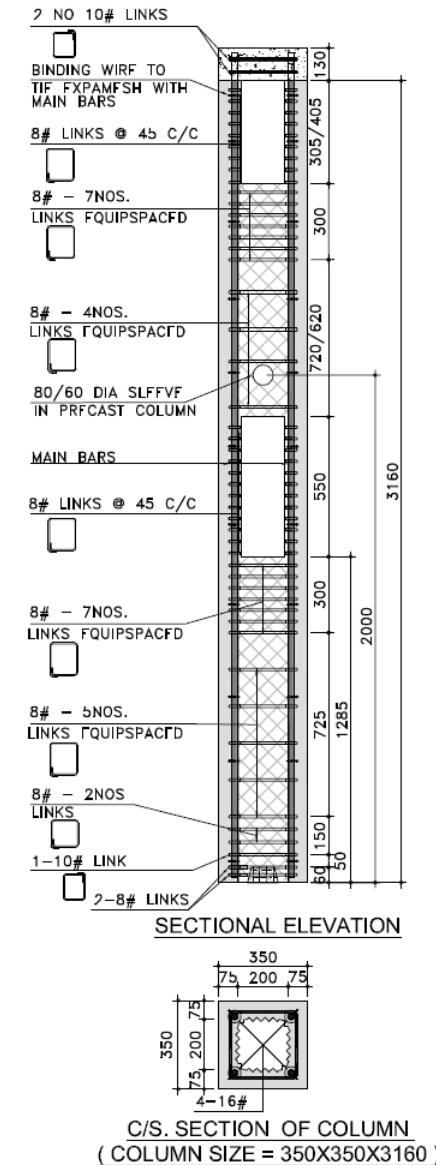


**Backfilling works in progress**

# STRUCTURAL SYSTEM

## Precast Column in Superstructure

- Hollow core precast columns are used which are filled with the self compacting concrete after placement of precast beams for monolithic joint.
- Typical size of the Precast column in ground floor and upper floors is 350mm by 350mm having varying height depending upon the architectural requirement.
- Grade of concrete used is M40 and clear cover to reinforcement is 40mm. Demoulding of side shutter is done after 12 hrs of concreting and 18 hrs for bottom shuttering.





# STRUCTURAL SYSTEM



Erected Precast columns with notches and dowels over plinth beam

# STRUCTURAL SYSTEM



- Placement of ground floor beam on columns.

# STRUCTURAL SYSTEM



Wet jointing of stem column with plinth beam



Grouting of beam – column joint



Beam – column - slab wet jointing

- All the connections and jointing of various structural components are accomplished through in-situ **self-compacting concrete/micro concrete/non shrink grout** as per structural design and codal provisions.

# STRUCTURAL SYSTEM

- A typical beam column joint showing monolithic action and continuity thus ensuring better seismic resistance



Before Jointing



After Jointing



# FLOORS/ SLAB



- After erection of beams and column, partially precast slabs are placed with required bearing on the beams.

# FLOORS/ SLAB



- Finally the screed concrete (55mm thickness) is poured over the partially precast slab to ensure monolithic continuous action and ductile behavior of the structure.

# FLOORS/ SLAB



- Structural integrity and monolithic behavior is achieved in this technology through wet jointing using dowel bars/ continuity reinforcement placed at connection joints and filled with in-situ self-compacting concrete of higher strength in hollow cores of column.





**Partial Precast Slab**



**PARTIAL PRECAST SLAB WITH REINFORCEMENT**

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**SECOND FLOOR COLUMN, BEAM ERECTION**

# AAC BLOCK MASONRY

## Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) Blocks for Wall

- Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) is a lightweight, precast, foam concrete building material suitable for producing concrete masonry unit like blocks. Composed of sand, calcined gypsum, lime, cement, water and aluminum powder, AAC products are cured under heat and pressure in an autoclave.
- After construction of frame with precast beam column and slab, internal walls are constructed using Autoclaved aerated concrete (AAC) blocks having density 451-550 kg/m<sup>3</sup> as per IS 2185 (Part-3).

Block size      600x200x150mm for outer walls  
                     600x200x100mm for inner walls





**Third Floor Beam, Column, Slab and Second Floor  
Block Masonry**



**Fifth Floor Masonry work in Progress**



**External Plastering work in Progress**



Site View





**EXTERNAL PAINTING IN  
PROGRESS**

# QUALITY CONTROL LAB AT SITE



- Quality control and quality assurance is essential for a project and therefore a quality control lab has been established at site for testing of raw materials and finished products.

**The plumbing and electrical services are incorporated as done in conventional method of construction i.e. chasing and filling**

# FINISHING ITEMS

- The finishing items include pressed steel door frame with flush shutters and PVC doors in toilets.
- uPVC frame with glazed panel and wire mesh shutter are used in windows.
- Vitrified tiles are used in flooring in rooms and kitchen.
- Anti-skid ceramic tiles are used in bath & WC.
- Kota stone flooring is used in common areas & Staircase steps.

# INFRASTRUCTURE ITEMS

- The external infrastructure includes
- Laying of Sewerage Pipe Line,
- RCC storm water drain,
- Provisions for Fire Fighting
- Bituminous Internal Road & Paver blocks for Pathway,
- Providing Lifts in building blocks,
- Landscaping of site,
- Street light with LED lights,
- Solar Street Light System,
- Sewerage Treatment Plant (STP),
- External Electrification,
- Water Supply System including underground water reservoir,
- Compound wall with Boundary Gates,
- Horticulture facilities,
- Rain Water Harvesting,
- Solid Waste Management.



# Photographs



# Photographs







# Photographs



# Photographs



Living Room

# Photographs

Kitchen Unit



# Photographs

Bathroom

PASSAGE  
1000MM X 1200MM

BATH  
800MM X 1400MM



# Photographs



# Photographs



Roof top  
Solar panels

2022/05/08 11:16

# Foundation Stone Laying & Dedication to Infrastructure Projects worth over Rs.31,530 Cr (Railways, National Highways, Petroleum Pipelines and Housing Projects)

by  
**Narendra Modi**  
Prime Minister

In the august presence of

**M. K. Stalin**  
Chief Minister, Tamil Nadu

**Nitin Gadkari**  
Union Minister for Road Transport  
and Highways

**Ashwini Vaishnaw**  
Union Minister for Railways, Communications  
& Electronics and Information Technology

**Hardeep Singh Puri**  
Union Minister for Petroleum and Natural Gas,  
Housing and Urban Affairs

**Basavaraj S. Bommai**  
Chief Minister, Karnataka

**Y. S. Jagan Mohan Reddy**  
Chief Minister, Andhra Pradesh

**General (Dr.) V. K. Singh (Retd.)**  
Union Min. for Road Transport & Highways  
and Civil Aviation

**Dr.**  
Union Min. for Fish  
and J&B

on Thursday, 26<sup>th</sup> May 2022 at 5.45 pm at Jawaharlal Nehru Indoor Stadium, Chennai



# Photographs





For More Details Please Visit

<https://ghtc-india.gov.in>

# Thank You

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## Webinar Series

# LIGHT HOUSE PROJECT AT CHENNAI

### GHTC - India Category:

Precast Concrete Construction System – Precast Components  
Assembled at Site

### Technology:

Industrialized 3-S system using RCC precast Columns, Beams, Semi-Precast  
Solid Slab with AAC Block masonry

# INTRODUCTION

# Fraunhofer Society On Applied Science

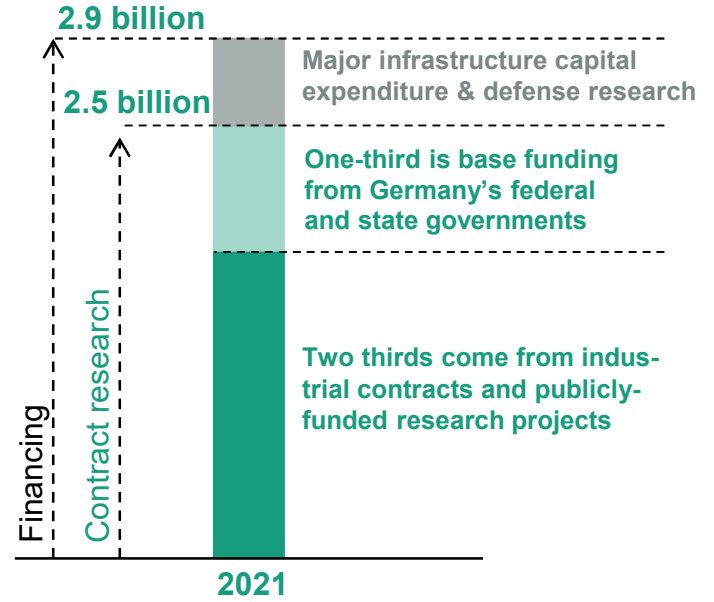
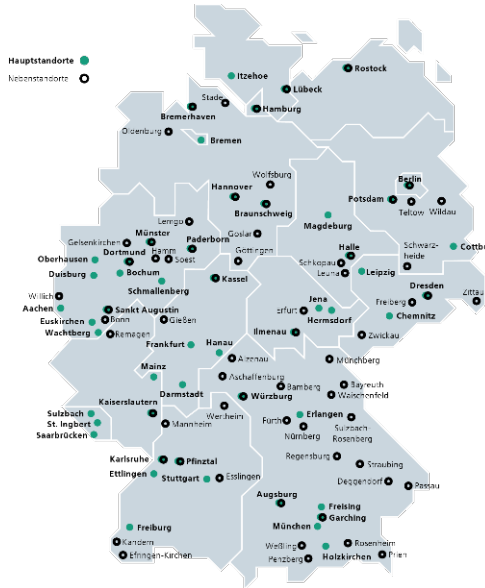
Applied research with a focus on key future-relevant technologies and the commercialization of findings in business and industry. A trailblazer and trendsetter in innovative developments.



> 30,000 employees



76 institutes and research units



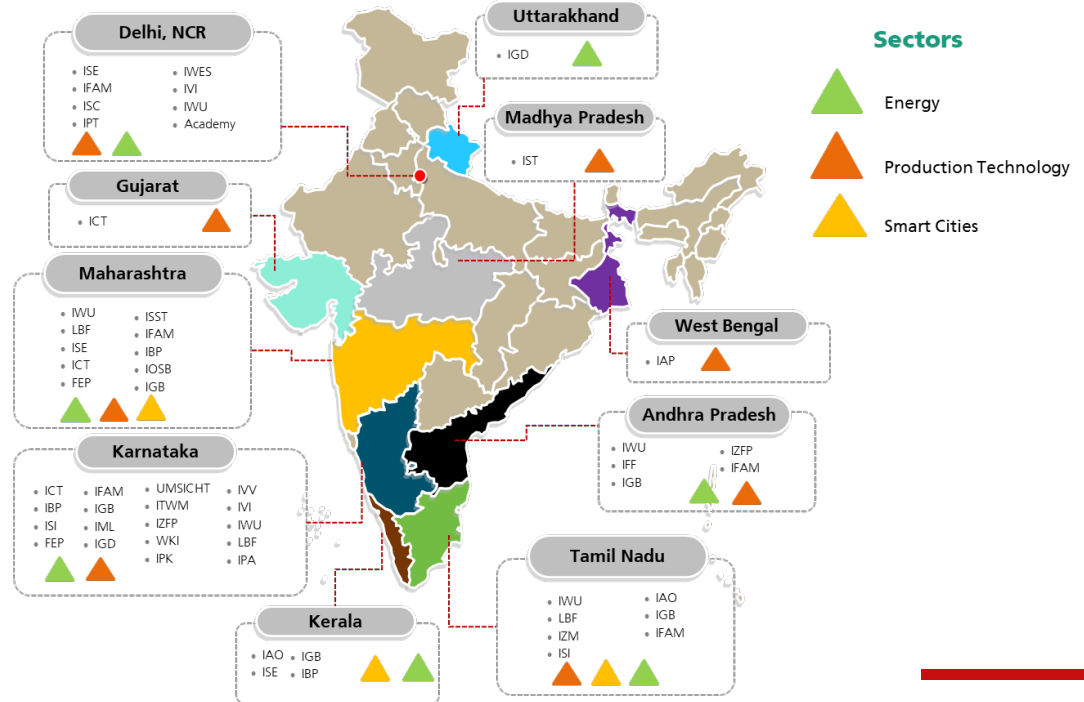
# Fraunhofer Society – Presence in India

Present since 15 years


- 56 Institutes
- Revenue € 50 M in last 10 years

Focus areas:

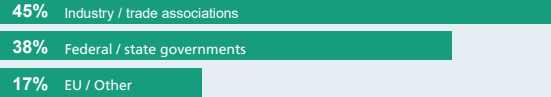
- Production Technology
- Renewable Energy
- Smart Cities
- Artificial Intelligence
- Electromobility
- Clean Tech and Sustainability



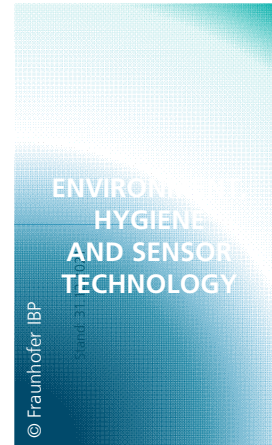
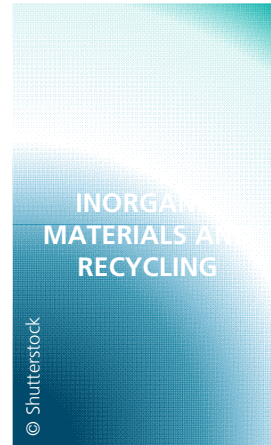
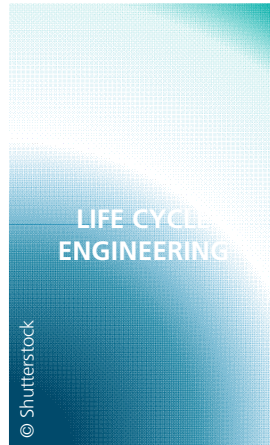
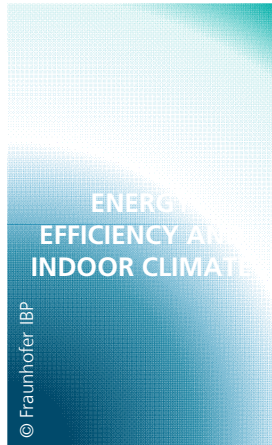
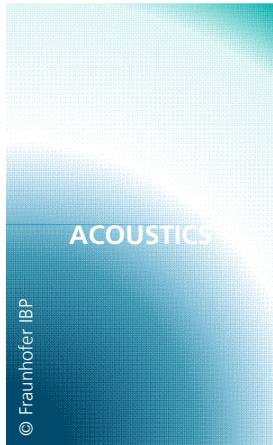
# Fraunhofer Institute For Building Physics IBP

  
**€ 20.5 M**  
External income

SOURCES OF FUNDS



## Departments Today



# Light House Projects And Technograhi Programme



## Development of short video E-modules on LHP technologies

- field application
- merits and limitations
- thermal comfort
- energy efficiency parameters
- durability

### Technograhi Platform

<https://bmtpc.org/LatestTopicsDetails.aspx?mid=196>



## Sharing of International knowledge, experience and best practices on the LHP construction technologies

- Expert Lectures
- Video tutorials
- **Webinars**/in-person conference virtual/real\* site visits

# Light House Projects And Technograhi Programme

## Chennai

Precast Concrete Construction System – Precast components assembled at site

## Rajkot

Tunnel Formwork for Monolithic Construction

## Lucknow

Stay in Place Formwork System

## Indore

Prefabricated Sandwich Panel System

## Ranchi

Precast Concrete Construction – 3D Volumetric

## Agartala

Light Gauge Steel Structural System & Pre-engineered Steel Structural System

## Technograhi Platform

<https://bmtpc.org/LatestTopicsDetails.aspx?mid=196>



Introduction



Heat and Moisture Transport



Energy Efficiency Enhancement



Comfort Evaluation



Durability Optimisation



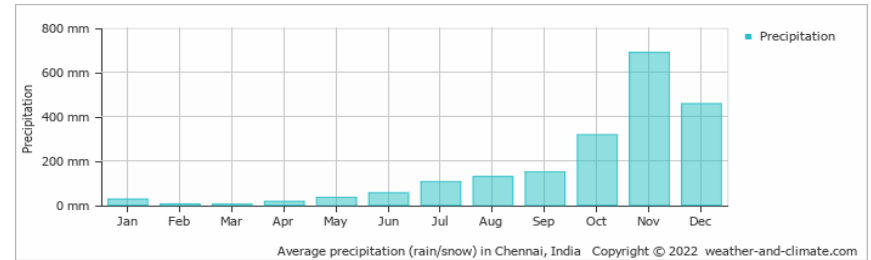
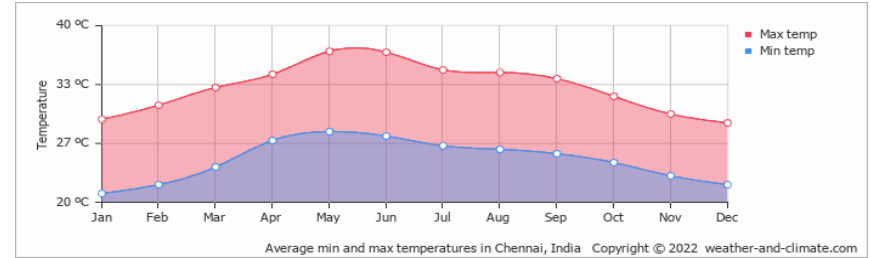
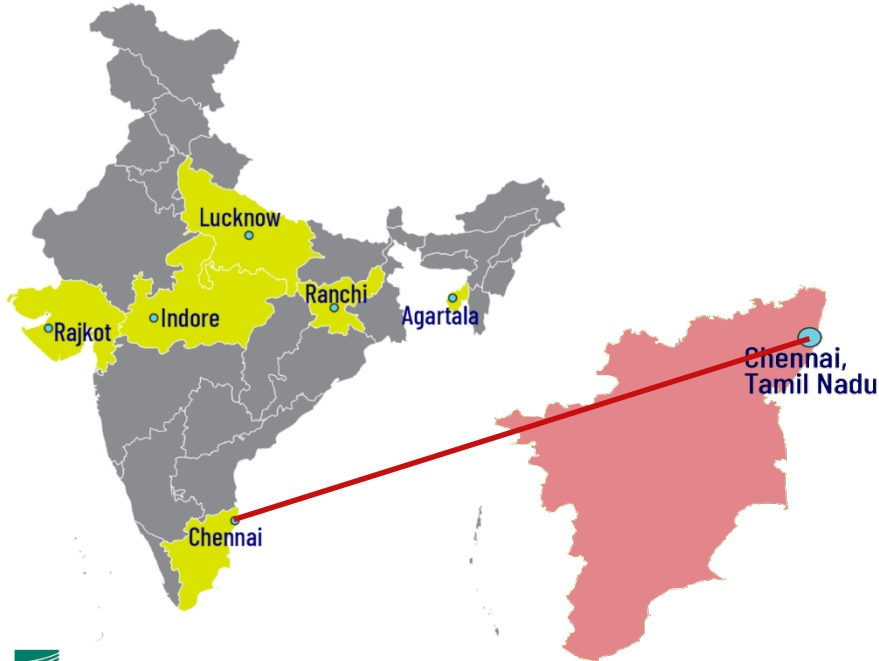
Research Overview



# Location And Climate: Chennai

- Altitude: 15 m
- 12,99 ° North 80,18 ° East

- Mean temperature: 28,4 °C
- Normal-rain-sum: 907,2 mm/a

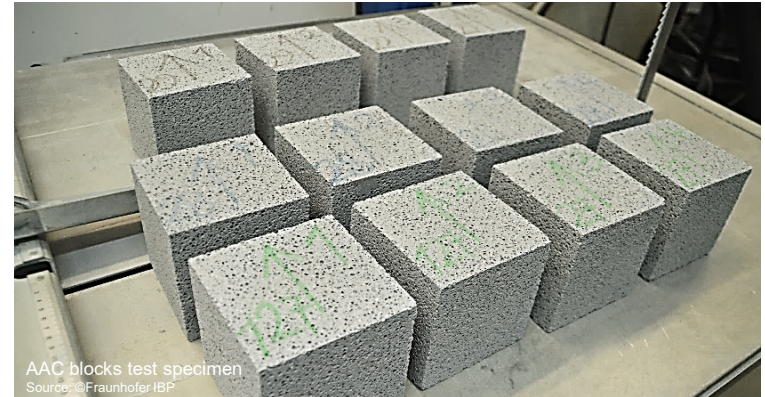


# Structural System – Precast Concrete Construction

- Industrialized 3S (Strength, Safety, Speed) prefab method of construction
- Prefabrication techniques include the on-site assembly of precast hollow columns, beams and partially precast RCC (reinforced cement concrete) solid slabs
- In-situ reinforced concrete laid on top of the slabs to ensure monolithicity
- The filler walls are made of AAC blocks

# Structural System – Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) Blocks

- Lightweight, precast building blocks → reducing load on the concrete structure
- High strength and durability
- Larger dimensions than conventional bricks → fewer blocks needed
- **Low thermal conductivity (cellular structure) → good insulation**



AAC blocks test specimen  
Source: ©Fraunhofer IBP

# ANALYSIS AND RESEARCH

# HEAT TRANSFER

# Heat Transfer

The parameter which characterizes the heat transfer through the building envelope is the U-value.

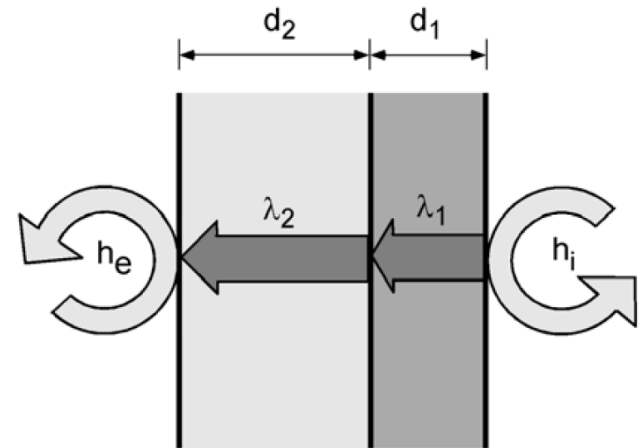
The U-value states the steady-state density of heat transfer rate **per temperature difference** between the environmental temperatures on each side.

Factors affecting the U-value of opaque areas:

- Thickness and heat conductivity
- Air cavities
- Thermal bridges

$$U = \frac{H_T}{A \cdot \Delta\theta} \left[ \text{W} / \text{m}^2 \text{K} \right]$$

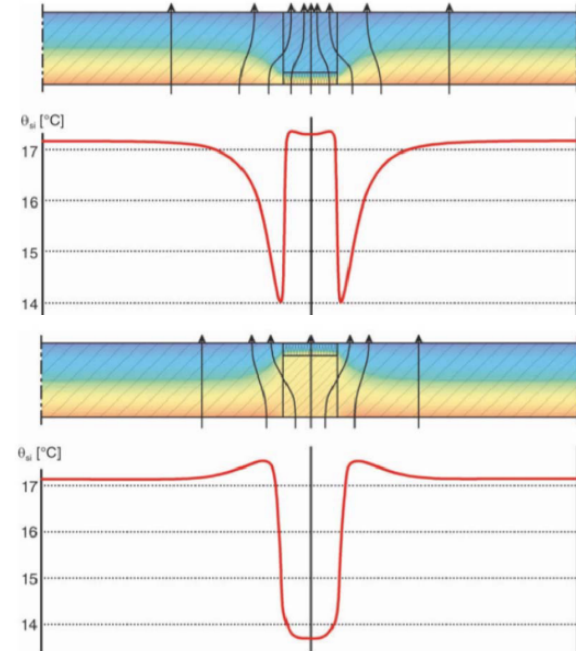
$U$  U-value [W/m<sup>2</sup>K]  
 $H_T$  Heat flux ( $d_i/\lambda_i$ ) [W]  
 $A$  Area [m<sup>2</sup>]  
 $\Delta\theta$  Temperature difference [K]



Material	$\lambda$ [W/mK]
Reinforced concrete	2,5
Brickwall	0,8
Straw	0,055
Foamglass	0,045
Mineral Wool	0,035

# Effects Of Heat Transfer

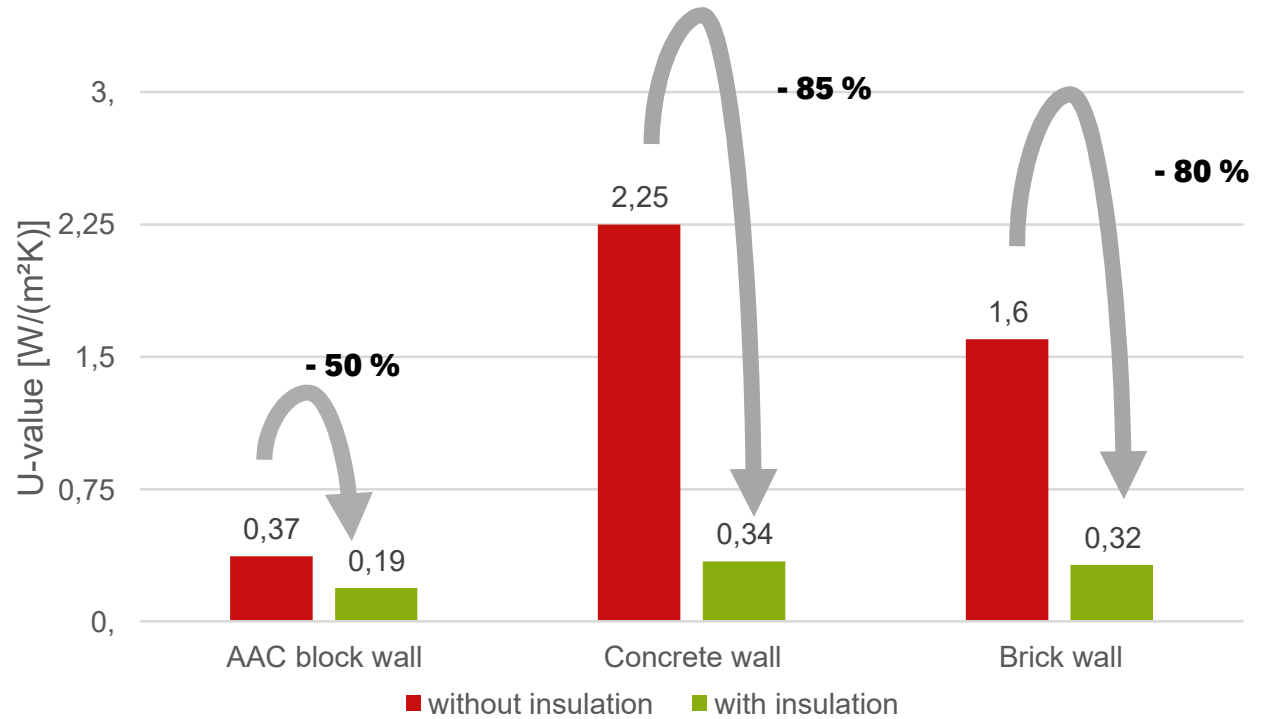
- High surface temperatures on the inside
- Mould growth on the outside
- High energy demand
- Wall with U value of  $0,4 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$  gaining  $4 \text{ W}/\text{m}^2$



# Reduction Of Thermal Transmission – Actual Design

Using 10 cm of light insulation with heat conductivity of 0.04 [W/(mK)].

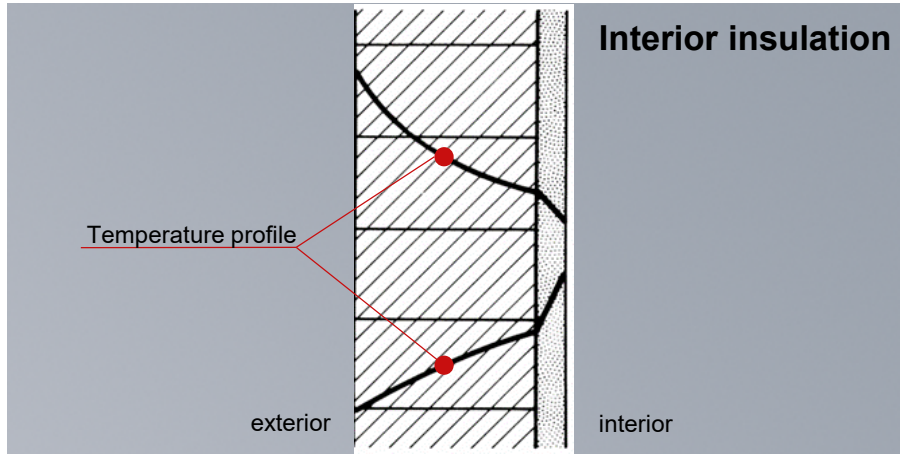
Reduction of thermal transmission of up to 85% is possible.



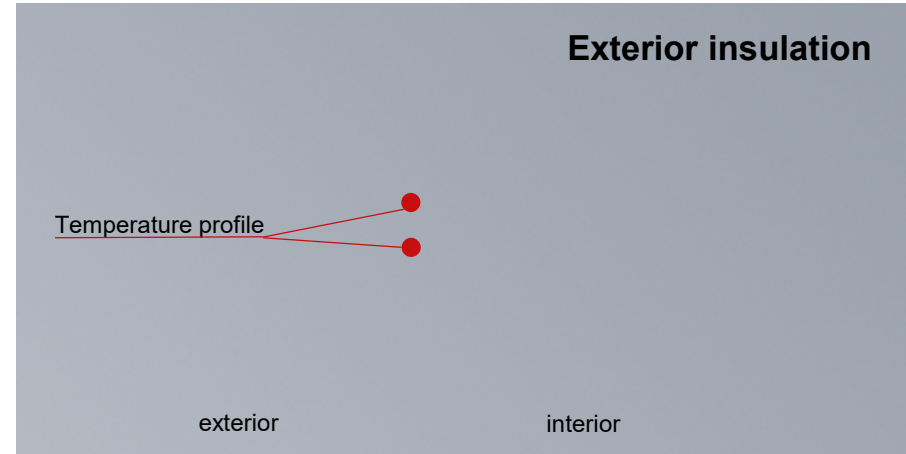


# Temperature Distribution – Actual Design

Interior thermal insulation brings the interior surface temperature closer to the indoor temperature. This reduces the risk of mould growth.



External insulation increase the temperature within the construction. This reduces potential for condensation within the construction.



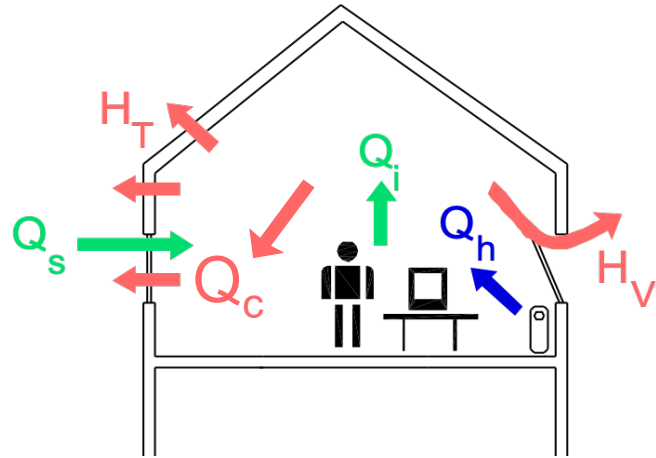
# ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN BUILDINGS

# Balancing Basics – Background

$$\dot{Q}_{in} = \dot{Q}_{out}$$

$$Q_S + Q_I = H_T + H_V + Q_C$$

- $Q_S$  Solar gain
- $Q_I$  Internal gain
- $H_T$  Heat transmission
- $H_V$  Ventilation
- $Q_C$  Cooling demand
- $Q_H$  Heating demand



# ENERGY EFFICIENCY ENHANCEMENT SIMULATION DEMONSTRATION WITH

Video Placeholder

# DURABILITY OPTIMISATION

## Internal Resistance – Material Properties

Vapour diffusion

$\mu$ , sd

Passage of moisture through a building component in the form of water vapor.

Moisture storage

$w = f(p_K)$

Function of the ability of a building material to absorb and release moisture.

Water uptake

w-value

The property of capillary suction and retention of water.

# Durability - Consequences

## Mold growth / Algae growth

- High moisture above 80% rel. humidity
- Moderate to high temperatures

## Condensation

- Underrun of the dew-point



## Corrosion of the construction

- High rel. humidity
- Availability of oxygen



# Durability Measurements – System Evaluation

Lab testing of material properties



Free field testing of exterior walls



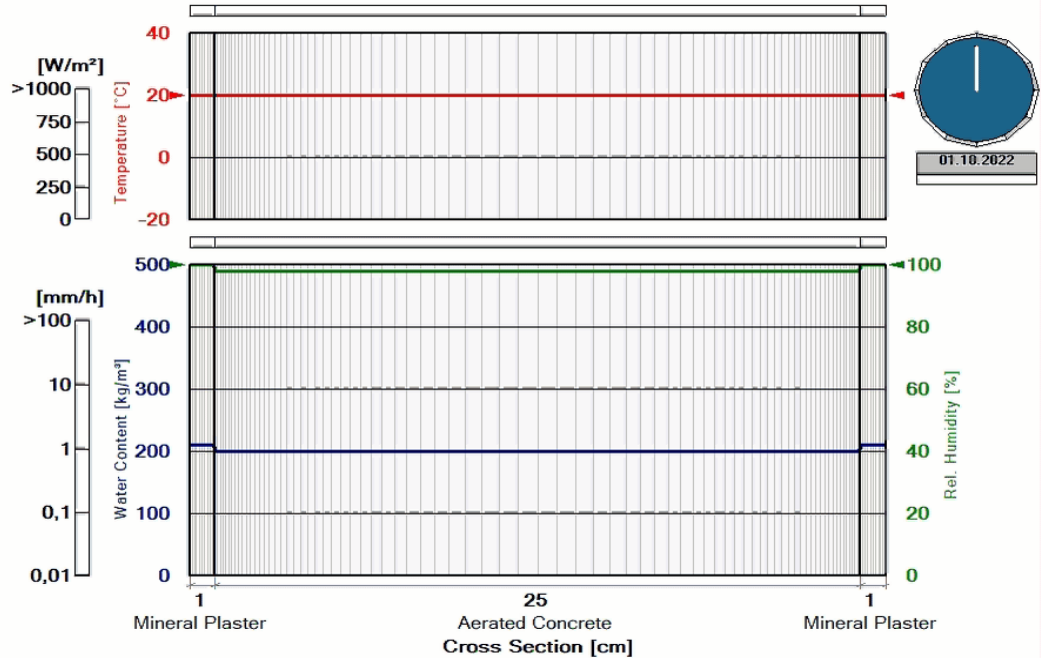


# Moisture Control – Using Simulation

Hygrothermal simulation helps to evaluate the construction in an appropriate way in terms of condensation and mould growth.

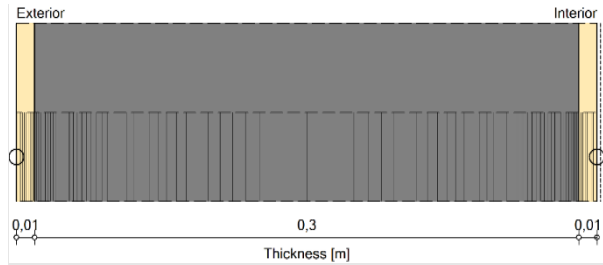
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<https://wufi.de/en/> WUFI®

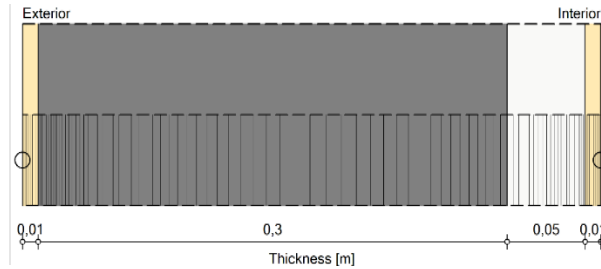


# Durability at Chennai – Precast Concrete

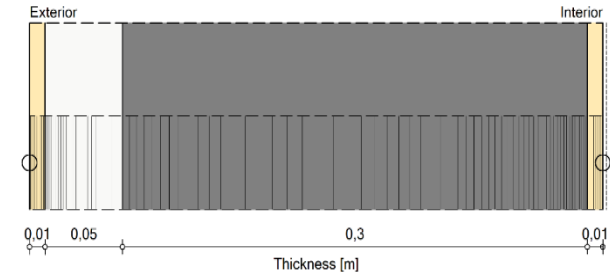
Precast Concrete



Precast Concrete internal insulation

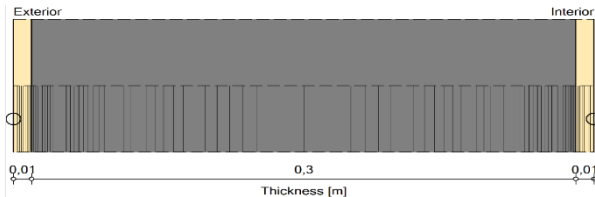
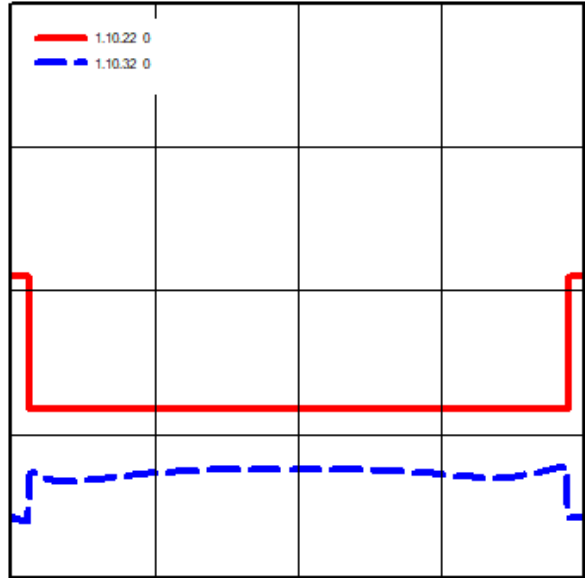


Precast Concrete external insulation

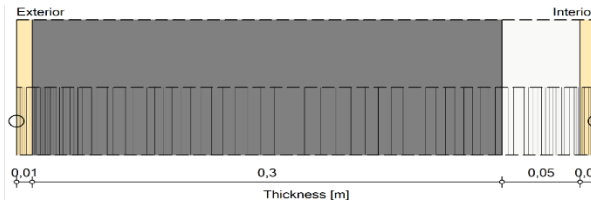
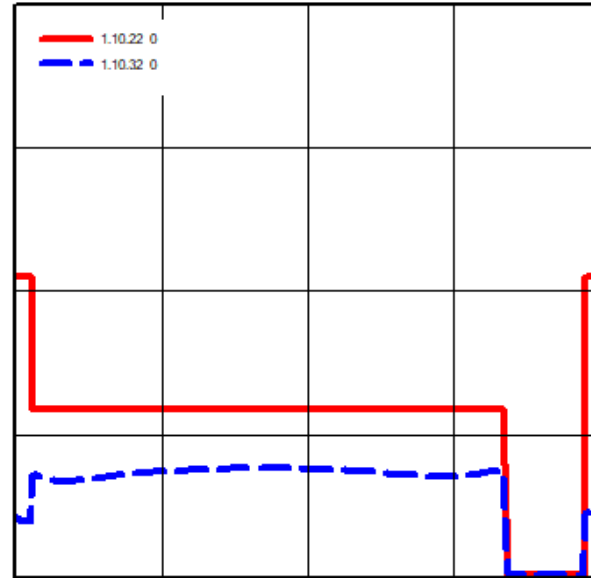


# Durability at Chennai – Precast Concrete

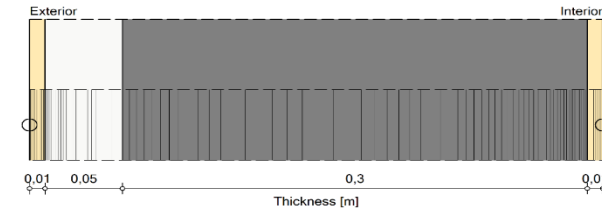
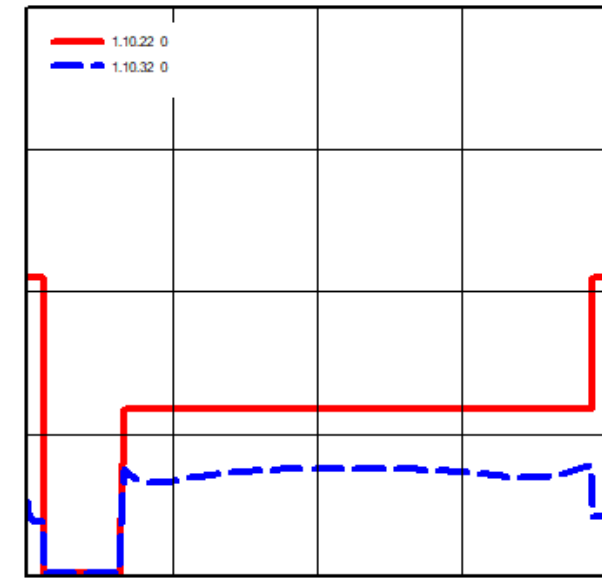
## Precast Concrete



## Precast Concrete internal insulation

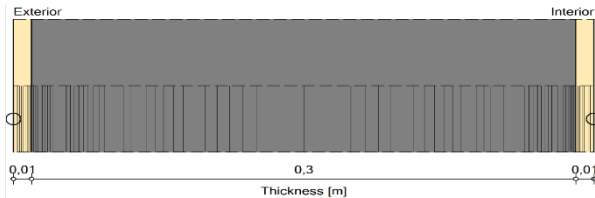
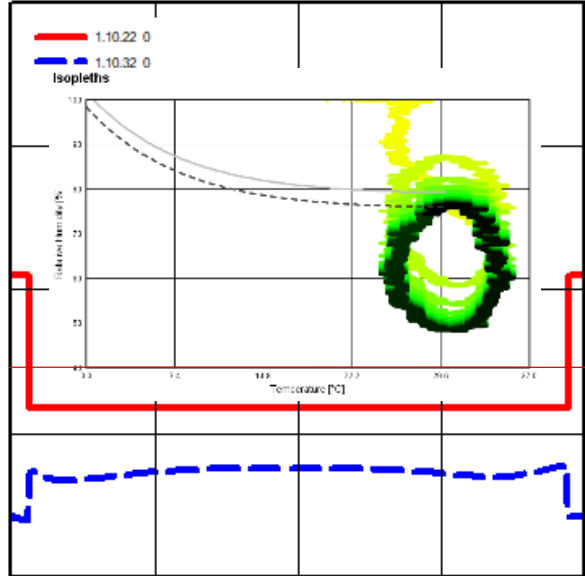


## Precast Concrete external insulation

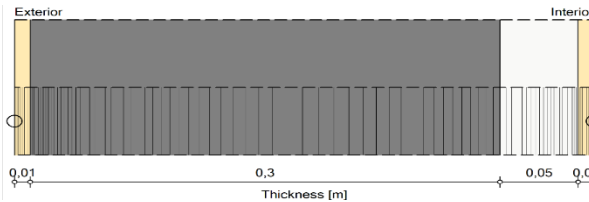
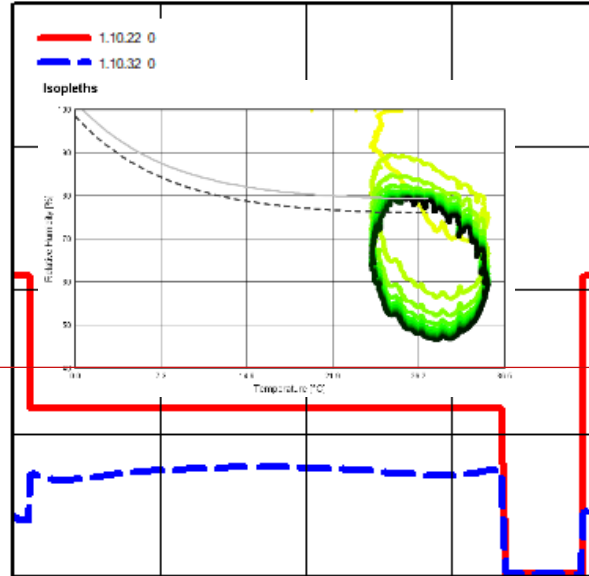


# Durability at Chennai – Precast Concrete

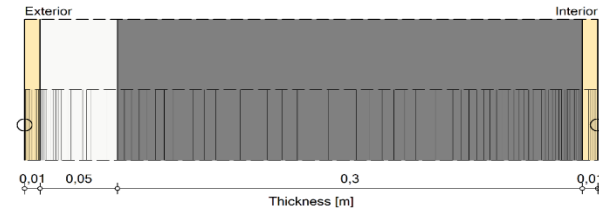
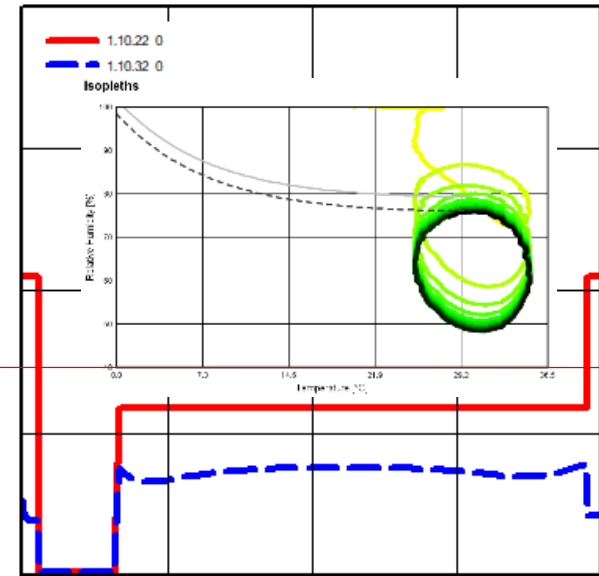
## Precast Concrete



## Precast Concrete internal insulation

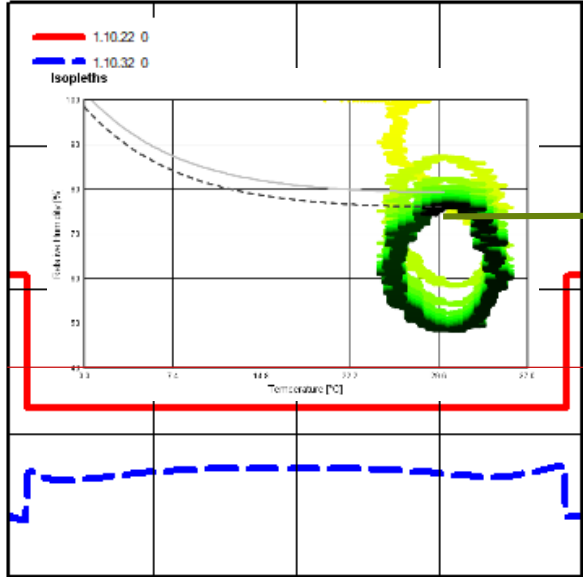


## Precast Concrete external insulation

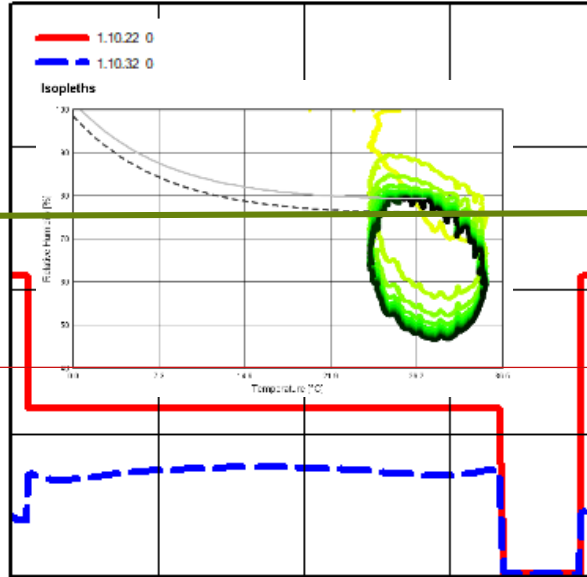


# Durability at Chennai – Precast Concrete

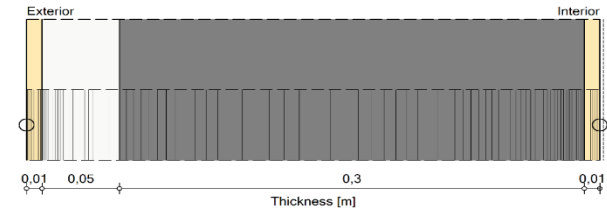
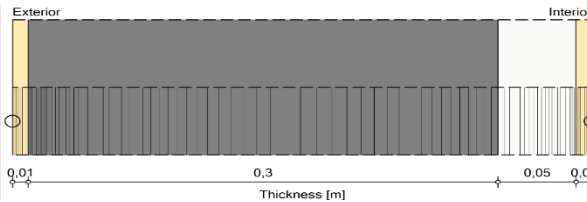
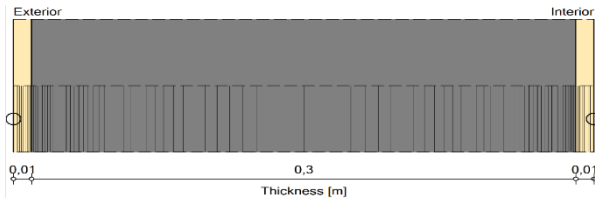
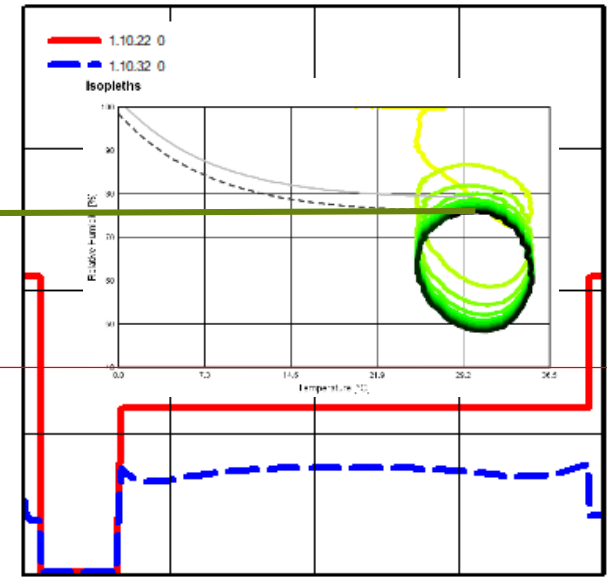
## Precast Concrete



## Precast Concrete internal insulation

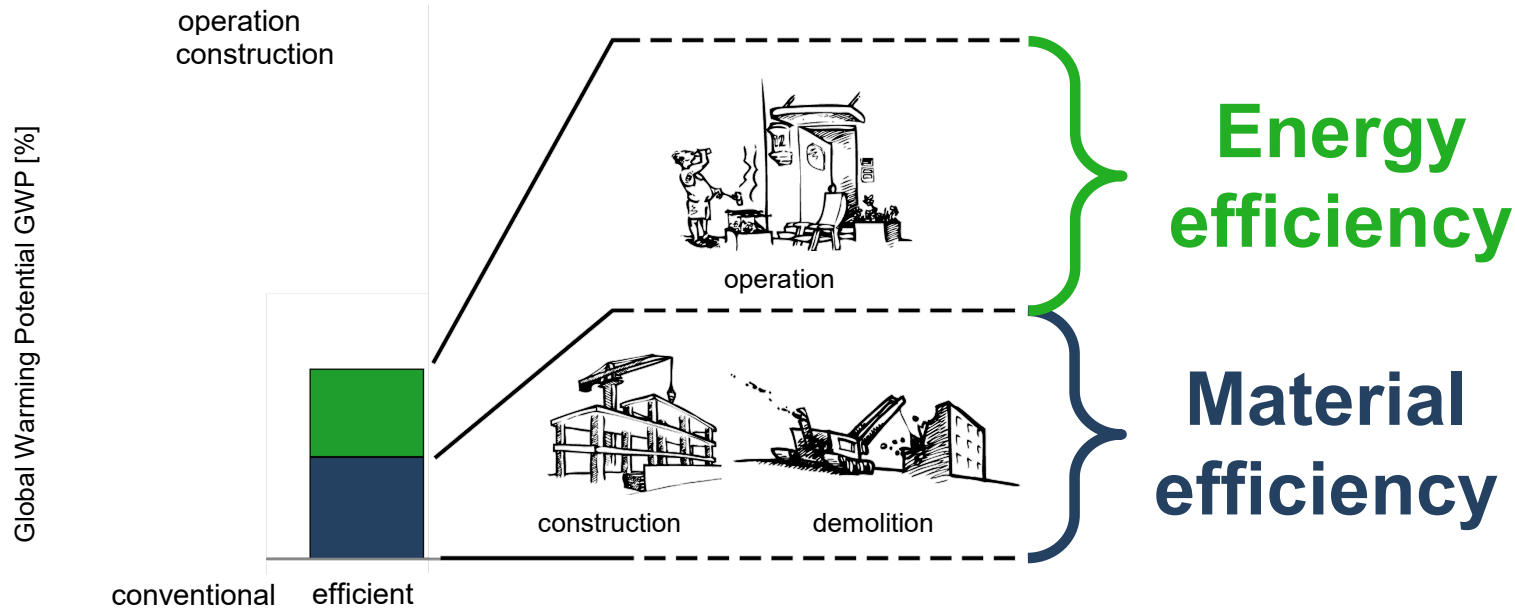


## Precast Concrete external insulation



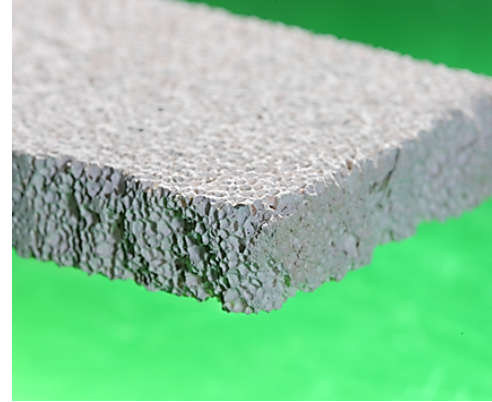
# DEVELOPMENT AND POTENTIAL OF AUTOCLAVED AERATED CONCRETE (AAC)

# Relevance Of Used Material



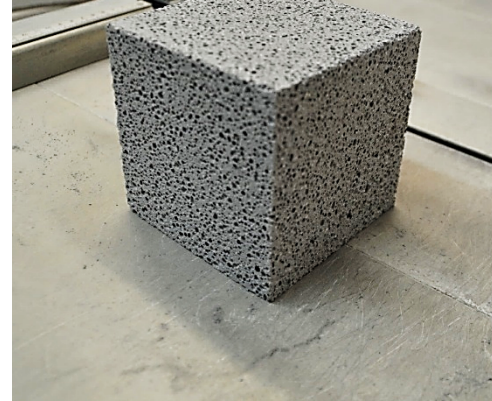
# AAC Potential For Using By-Products

Quartz sand



Quartz-based  
AAC

Rice husk ash



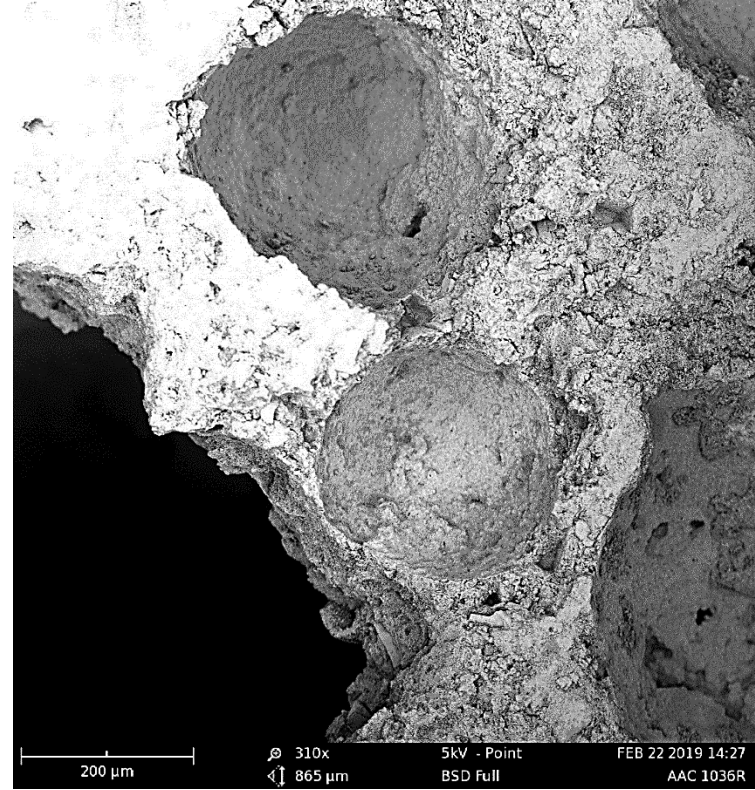
Rice husk  
ash-based  
AAC



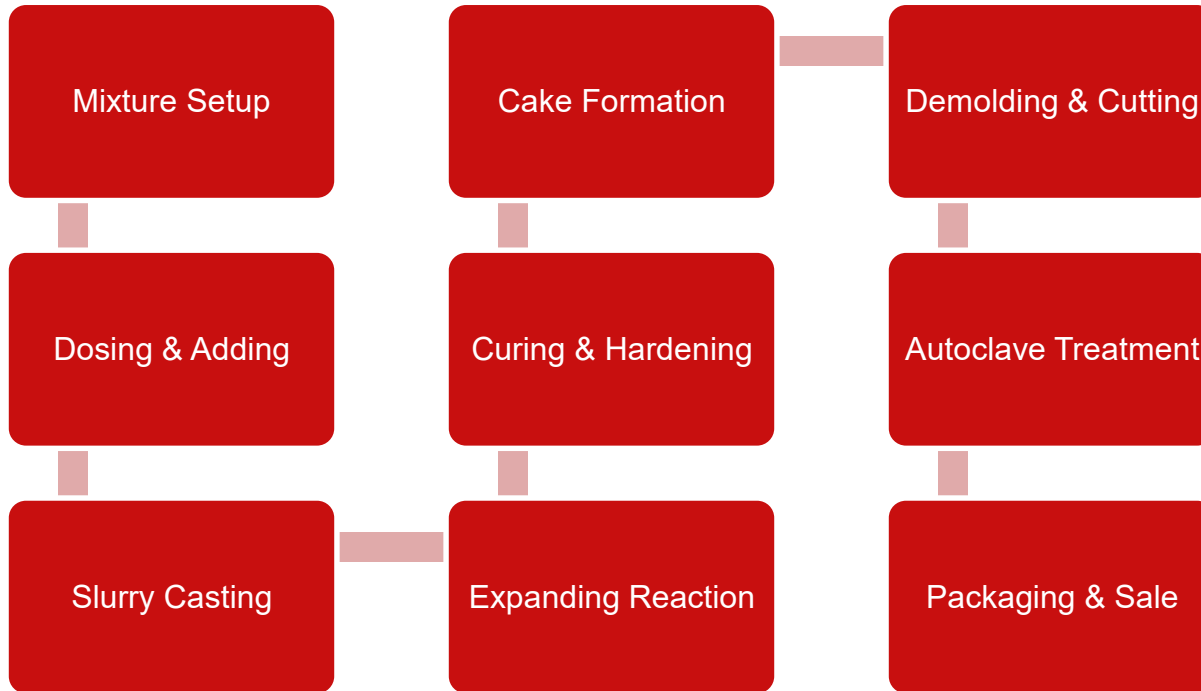
# Production Process Of Autoclaved Aerated Concrete



# Porosity Of AAC



# Process Of Industrial Production Of AAC



## Further Reads, Links

### Technograhi Platform

<https://bmtpc.org/LatestTopicsDetails.aspx?mid=196>

### AAC



GLOBAL  
HOUSING  
TECHNOLOGY  
CHALLENGE INDIA



Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs  
Government of India



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